Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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THE HOSPITAL TRAIN.

Thousands Greeted the Sufferers in Their Trip Through the State.

MRS. HASTINGS DEEPLY AFFECTED

The Governor's Wife Overcome by the Sad Scenes She Witnessed—Gov. D. H. Hastings Was in Charge.

THERE WERE 218 SOLDIERS ABOARD

PITTSBURG, August 30.—Over 200 soldiers who four months ago marched off to war while thousands of admiring friends cheered them on, returned yesterday amid anguish and tears. The stricken heroes were aboard the Pennsylvania State hospital train, and were taken to their homes and hospitals for better treatment. The train, with Gov. D. H. Hastings in charge, reached Union station at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, and an hour was spent in removing a number of sufferers to Pittsburg hospitals and giving dinner to the convalescents. There was no demonstration by the crowd when the train entered the sheds, and tears came to the eyes of hundreds on the platform when they saw the gaunt faces of sufferers peering from the windows. Governor Hastings and his wife were seated in the prviate car in the rear of the first section of the train and greeted Supt. Robert Pitcairn, who was at the station to assist in handling the soldiers. Ninety tin basins with towels and soap and barrels of warm water were provided by the railroad company, and the convalescents who were able were marched from the cars and allowed to make their toilet with a baggage truck for a dresser. Governor Hastings was the busiest man in the station and personally superintended the removal of patients to the hospitals and directed the men to the restaurant, where two score of them took dinner.

"I am too busy to talk, gentlemen," he said, when asked about the success of the trip. "Since we left Chattanooga every person in the train has turned every attention towards the relief of the sufferers and there has been no time for rest. At Cincinnati we were treated royally by the people Sunday night when we stopped to take supper, and at every point along the route where the train passed in daylight the citizens did everything in their power to assist us. Two thousand people met the train at Steubenville yesterday morning and rendered aid during our brief stop there, We expect to reach Philadelphia early Tuesday morning and will stop at Blairsville Intersection, Johnstown, Altoona, Tyrone, Lewistown Junction and Harrisburg, where the cars will be detached and the patients will be cared for at their homes or local hospitals."

Mrs. Hastings, with tears in her eyes, was a witness of the sad scenes when the sufferers were removed on stretchers to the ambulances. She accompanied the train over the entire trip and assisted the nurses in their work. "I shall not accompany the governor on his next trip to the camp," she said. "I am unused to such scenes of suffering and I have suffered extremely from nervousness while returning from Chickamauga. I am grateful for an opportunity to do my share in alleviating the suffering of our brave soldiers, but am more than thankful that this war and its sacrifices are at an end."

Altogether there were 218 sick soldiers on the train. Most of them were from the Pennsylvania regiments, but two from Ohio, thirteen from New York and one from Rhode Island, who were in the hospital at Chickamauga and in a very serious condition, were brought home on the train. There were seven men who were too sick to travel any farther and they were taken off and sent to Pittsburg hospitals. Dr. Henry Sykes, of the Episcopal hospital, of Philadelphia, was in charge of the medical staff, and Dr. A. A. Cairnes, of the same hospital, was his assistant. The doctors have been working night and day since they left Chickamauga, as some of the cases demand constant attention.

Governor Hastings was assisted by three members of his staff—Colonel George Nox McClain and Colonel W. C. McConnel, of Philadelphia, and Colonel Fred Reynolds, of Bellefonte. These officers have been working day and night since the departure of the train from Philadelphia and were completely worn out. While the line of men was ranged at the side of second section waiting for their turn to wash, Governor Hastings stood at the head of the column, ready to marshal them along the platform. A soldier who stood in the front of the line, a wasted specimen of humanity, addressed the governor, making known his anxiety in respect to some details of his case. He wished to have his friend notified that he was all right. Governor Hastings heard his story, and then patting him on the back in an encouraging manner, said: "That's all right, my boy, I will attend to that." And the soldier seemed satisfied that the head of the State government would take care of his interests.

Awarded $10,000 Damages.

At Pottsville last week Judge G. A. Endlich in a lengthy opinion confirmed the verdict of $10,000 damages which a jury last January found against the Schuylkill electric railway company in favor of little Elmer J. Walbridge, aged 6 years, who had both hands taken off at the wrists by being run over two years ago on the railway. The car was being run by but one man at the time. The case was first brought before arbitrators, who brought in an award of $7,000. The company appealed the case to court, and the jury which tried it added $2,000. Judge Endlich refused the company a new trial.

With his parents young Walbridge removed from South Williamsport to Pottsville a short time before the accident.

The Botkin Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—The police of this city are working hard to perfect the local end of the Botkin case before Detective McVey arrives from the east with the papers for Mrs. Botkin's extradition. Assistant District Attorney Dunne is preparing to aid the authorities in every way and at the same time Mrs. Botkin's attorneys are preparing an elaborate argument against a transfer of the case to the Delaware courts. Attorney Dunne requested Chief of Police Lees to get a more definite statement from the Delaware officials and to that end Chief Lees yesterday telegraphed to Attorney General White, of Delaware, asking for the affidavits in the case on a number of points. Mrs Botkin spends a great deal of her time in perfecting her attire. She changes her gowns frequently and to all outward appearance is not nervous. She, however, takes a great deal of interest in the case, and reads every line published in the newspapers. She has had several consultations with her attorneys, but the ordeal has so far had little appreciable effect on her appearance.

—An old countryman came into a small town in Arkansas a week or so ago. He lived in the woods, and his last visit to town had been made at the close of the civil war. The little country place was then full of soldiers, and now after thirty years the first thing the old man saw a militia company marching to the depot on their way to encampment. He looked in amazement and muttered audibly: "By gosh, them durned liars told me Lee had surrendered, an' here's that dratted war still a-goin' on!"

—"August makes the corn" is an old saying, the truth of which proverb has been learned by experience. Corn may have a very poor season up to August 1st, and look as if it were past praying for, but if August brings plenty of rain the corn will come on and, though the stocks may not be large, it will ear all right and turn on, to be a good crop. At one time in July, owing to the long dry and extremely hot weather, the prospects looked gloomy, but since the copious rains that August has brought, the prospect of a fine crop of corn is very good and the early corn is already made.

Musicians Roll Down a Mountain.

A party of Kettle Creeks musicians, members of a brass band, had a thrilling experience Thursday night. A four-horse band wagon containing the musicians, upset on washed-out mountain road between Cross Forks and Trout Run, and rolled 75 feet down a steep incline. William Mears and John King were badly injured, and the band instruments were all crushed out of shape.

—Mrs. John S. Gray, of Philipsburg, has accepted the position of matron at the Stroudsburg Normal school for the coming year. She had held the same position there for several years, but left, last fall, to accept a similar one in the Wyoming seminary, at Kingston.

HE WILL VISIT CAMP!

President McKinley to Go to Montauk Point and Wikoff.

HE WILL INVESTIGATE AFFAIRS

His Visit to Canton Only a Brief Call—Comes East on Thursday—Started Without Definite Plans.

TAKE A LONGER VACATION LATER ON

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 31.—While President McKinley very much desired to pay more than a brief visit to his home in Canton, he finds that the duties of his office are such that he will be obliged to cut his visit there to a mere call.

The president will spend a couple of days in Camp Montauk Point and Camp Wikoff, so as to correctly inform himself as to the condition of affairs and the truth of reports that have been circulated, by personal observation and contact with the men. The presidential party will be at Colonel Myron Herrick's residence, "The Overlook," on Euclid Heights, this city, until Thursday morning, when they will leave for Canton.

Big preparations have been made to receive the President and Mrs. McKinley there by their old friends and neighbors and the people of Canton in general. It was the intention to make the occasion a civic jubilee. This will now be reduced in a measure from the fact that President McKinley and party will only be in Canton for two or three hours and then will take a train for New York. Undoubtedly the president will be given a royal welcome during his short stopover in Canton.

On the eastern trip, which is part of the program outlined, the presidential party will hardly stop longer at New York than will be necessary to catch a train for Camp Wykoff and Montauk Point. The president probably will be in camp at the two places mentioned on Friday and Saturday, leaving Mrs. McKinley in New York city, whither he will return to spend Sunday and then go back to Washington.

The trip from Canton to New York will be made over the Pennsylvania road, departing from Canton during the afternoon of Thursday. Mrs. McKinley, the latter's maid, and Mr. George B. Cortelion, assistant secretary to the president, will accompany the chief executive to New York.

"The president really had no very definite plans for spending his time on this trip when he started out," said his secretary yesterday. "He made the plans along the way and has been constantly receiving telegrams and other matters connected with the war which needed his attention. President McKinley and party had intended spending two or three days with Abner McKinley, the president's brother, at Somerset, but the plans were changed. It is the intention of the president to get as much rest as possible. He probably will return to Washington for a short time after this trip, and intends taking a longer vacation a little later in the fall."

During yesterday morning President and Mrs. McKinley, accompanied by Colonel and Mrs Herrick, went for a drive through the parks. During their morning drive the president and Colonel Herrick went to Shaker lakes and over the boulevards through Wade and Gordon parks. Upon returning to Colonel Herrick's home, on Euclid Heights, the president took a nap and after lunch received Postmaster George Gordon, of Chicago. Mr. Gordon presented the invitation of Chicago to attend the big peace jubilee in that city. President McKinley thanked Chicago and Postmaster Gordon, but deferred any definite answer in view of possible demands that may be made upon him. Later the president and Colonel Herrick took another drive, this time out into the country.

Death of Mrs. George Kline.

The sad news reached here of the sudden death Thursday of Mrs. George Kline, at Lauvertown, College township. She had been ill but a short time with dysentery and died very suddenly in bed. She was about 78 years old. The interment took place on Saturday morning at Shiloh. She was a daughter of Andrew Fetterolf, of Snyder county. Her husband and the following children survive her: Harrison Kline, of Bellefonte; Rev. Robert Kline, Episcopalian minister at Allentown, Pa.; Margaret, wife of ex-Sheriff W. A. Ishler, of Bellefonte; Sarah, wife of Harvey Meese, of Benner township, and Miss Alice, at home. She was the mother of ten children.

—The public schools will open on Tuesday, Sept. 6th.

WEYLER WANTS A DICTATORSHIP!

Thinks Only By Rehabilitation of Army and Navy Can Spain be Made Strong

ENGLAND MUST BE CHECKED.

Merritt Off For Paris—General Otis Military Governor of Manila Now—Philippine Insurgents Coming.

GENERAL GREENE TO MUSTER OUT.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Gen. Weyler, according to a special dispatch from Madrid published here yesterday afternoon, has outlined his future policy. He proposes, it appears, to be independent both of the government and of the opposition, "always aiming to preserve the country and to reorganize the army," He expresses the belief that the Carlists have plenty of money, some of which, he alleges, comes from France. He says the United Republicans have no personal animus against the queen, their only object being to "adopt a firm, international stand, one result of which would be to check in some measure England's ambition."

Gen. Weyler's statement was made to a committee of the Weyler club, which called upon him yesterday morning at Palma, Majorca, where he is staying. Last evening he spoke before a club convention.

It is represented that the general is returning to politics in response to many appeals from Spain and from abroad, and it is added that he will attend the sessions of the cortes and expound his views as to the cause of the war's disasters.

The substance of Gen. Weyler's declaration to the delegation of the Weyler club is as follows:

The general intends to advocate a sweeping policy of rehabilitation of the government. He will refuse to aid in any temporary measures and will propose a military dictatorship for the reorganization of the army and navy. Their honor, he remarked, has been lost, as well as the Antilles, owing solely to military deficiencies.

Gen. Weyler expressed the belief that the present cabinet will be succeeded by a military dictatorship or by a Silvela ministry. He added that he did not desire a change in the form of government, but he pointed out that the Carlists have an excellent organization.

In conclusion, Gen. Weyler deplored the loss of the Antilles, for the sake of the Spaniards who resided in the islands and on account of the national commerce.

MANILA, Aug. 30.—The United States transport China left here to-day having on board Maj.-Gen. Merritt and his staff. The general is bound for Paris, where he will take part in the Spanish-American peace conference. Maj.-Gen. Otis is acting governor of Manila. Gens. Greene and Babcock, with their staffs, are bound for Washington.

Opacible, the insurgent leader, is going to Hong Kong, in order to confer with the insurgent junta there. He will receive Aguinaldo's final instructions by cable.

Agonillo, another of the insurgent leaders, is going to Washington. It is considered probable that the insurgent junta of Hong Kong will send a delegate to the Paris peace conference. Aguinaldo remains at Bakor.

Hundreds of unarmed insurgents visited Manila yesterday. Rear Admiral Dewey has declined to permit the coastwise steamers to resume running, pending a settlement of the Philippine question.

Gen. Rios the Spanish governor of the Vasayas islands, is reported to have proclaimed himself governor-general of the Spanish dominions in the Philippine islands and to have invited the adherents of Spain to rally at Iloilo.

NEWPORT NEWS, Aug. 30.—The yacht May, which went to Porto Rico not long ago with supplies for the National Relief Commission, arrived in Hampton Roads Sunday and Monday Morning put in here for coal. She will probably reach Philadelphia about 8 o'clock this morning.

The May had on board Lieutenant Pancoast, Corporal Boyle and Privates Addison Kelley, P. D. Overfield, Wilson Potter, Joseph Knight and Dan Cheston, of Battery A. Pennsylvania Artillery. Lieutenant Warkhizer, Sixteenth Infantry; Colonel Biddle and Lieutenant Fullington, of General Wilson's staff,

(Continued on fifth page.)

DEWEY SUMMONED.

President McKinley Desires to Confer With Him.

HE ASKS LEAVE TO REMAIN AT MANILA

Gen. Merritt Will go to Paris to Meet Peace Commissioners.—Dewey Wants a Battleship and Armored Cruiser Added to his fleet.

FILIPINO DELEGATES VERY ACTIVE

MANILA, August 20.—The correspondent of the New York Sun, had an interview with Admiral Dewey, who told him that he had been advised by the navy department at Washington to hold himself in readiness to return home by the quickest route for the purpose of conferring with President McKinley on the Philippine question.

Admiral Dewey cabled in reply, giving the fullest possible information and also giving his views on the subject. He suggested to Secretary Long that the importance of the situation required him to remain here, where there is much work yet to do. He thinks that his squadron should be augmented in strength, and he therefore requested Secretary Long to dispatch a battleship and an armored cruiser to Manila.

When asked to express his personal opinion on the question of the Americans retaining the Philippines, Admiral Dewey looked at the Stars and Stripes flying on the Lunetta, the fashionable promenade of the Philippine capital, and said:

"I hope it will fly there forever."

Concerning the work of the navy at Manila, the admiral said:

"I am proud, naturally, of the achievement. We have taken an empire without the loss of a man, but I am proudest of my men, No finer squadron ever assembled so far as personnel is concerned."

A conference of the Filipino leaders was held at Cavite to-day to decide the question of sending delegates to Paris to meet the peace commission and give its members all information concerning the views of the natives. Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, strongly favors such a plan. The council, however is the determing power. The conference was composed of many representative Filipinos, some of whom fought with the Spaniards a fortnight ago. The delegates will undoubtedly be appointed. The principal object of the conference to-day was to discuss the general Filipino-American situation.

Aguinaldo told a prominent American officer Monday that the condition of apparent opposition to the Americans was personally exceedingly distasteful. His conservtism, he added, had already subjected him to the suspicion of some of the more impetuous leaders, who desired action against the Americans. He recognized that American friendship was essential to the best interests of the Filipinos.

Aguinaldo is preparing to transfer his headquarters from Bakor to Malabon Bekon, between the American forces at Cavite and Manila.

General Merritt will sail on the transport China immediately to catch a steamer at Hong Kong. He is going to Paris to meet the commission.

—A new water company has been incorporated at Hasting, with a capital of $500, the directors are J. L. Spangler, Bellefonte; Wm. P. Duncan, Philipsburg; R. B. Spangler and C. F. Frazer, Hastings; and J. A McClain of Spangler.

—A Patriotic social was held at the home of W. P. Kuhn, on Curtin street, Thursday evening. It was largely attended.

THE HOSPITAL TRAINS.

Are Now Actively Engaged in Their Mission of Mercy.

ONE PASSED ALTOONA YESTERDAY

The Florida Train Now Rushing North. The Sick of the Fifth Regiment Will be Home Next Week A Splendid Work.

PHILANTHROPY AROUSED AT LAST

Philadelphia, August, 26.—The Pennsylvania hospital train which left here Wednesday night under the auspices of the Medico-Chirurgical hospital for Camp Alger, arrived home again last night with ninety four sick soldiers on board. Of these about twenty four are convalescent but some of the others are said to be in a serious condition. Nearly all are typhoid cases. The soldiers are nearly all from the Eighth and Twelfth Pennsylvania and a few are from the Sixty fifth New York and the Seventh Ohio. All the sick and convalescent were taken to the Medico-Chirurgical hospital.

Camp Alger was reached shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday morning The loading of the sick was begun immediately and by 3 o'clock the last had been made comfortable. Shortly after the start north was made. The train left Washington at 5:10, and between that city and Baltimore an average of over a mile a minute was made. Four men who had been convalescent suffered a relapse on the way, but the remainder rested comfortably. It was nearly 10 o'clock last night when the train pulled into the Chestnut street station of the Pennsylvania railroad. Ambulances and patrol wagons were in readiness and the men were carried tenderly from the train and hurried fo the hospital. At a late hour last night all were reported comfortable.

Altoona, August 26.—The hospital train that will bring the sick of the Fifth regiment back to their homes in this section passed through Altoona about 4 o'clock this morning as third section of western express. The train will reach Chickamauga about noon on Saturday and will reach Altoona on the return trip Tuesday or Wednesday. Governor Hastings, who is deeply interested in the welfare of our soldiers, is in personal charge of the train. The purpose of this special in Governor Hastings's own words, "is to make a clean sweep of all sick Pennsylvania soldiers and as many from other states as can be accommodated."

The train was secured entirely by the state authorities with the assistance of the national relief commission. It is made up of ten day coaches, fitted with cots for nearly 200 sick, two day coaches for 100 convalescents and three Pullmans for doctors, nurses and Governor Hastings and party. After reaching Pittsburg it will become a special. Dr. Henry Sykes, of the Episcopal hospital, of Philadelphia city, is in charge of the physicians and nurses. The latter number sixteen. The first stop was made at Harrisburg where Mrs. Hastings came a board. Accompanying the governor from Philadelphia were Colonels Reynolds McConnell and McKain, of his staff.

On the return trip stops will be made at Knoxville, Tenn.' Lexington, Ky., Pittsburg, Greensburg, Johnstown, Altoona, Huntingdon, Lewistown and Harrisburg. From there the remaining soldiers will be sent to their homes or hospitals in other parts of the state.

The board and staff of the Altoona hospital have made all necessary preparations to receive its quoto of the Fifth's boys. The present sergical ward will be cleared out and all the cots vacated for the suffering soldiers. About twelve can be very comfortably accommodated, and many more will be received if they cannot be taken the best care of elsewhere. The hospital staff is waiting eagerly for an opportunity to care for the boys" as they come.

See a lot of women in another column treadin grapes at Do Sexio Portugal, for wine. Read all about it and about Speer's N. J., method and what it is particularly good for.

HOW GUFFEY RULES HIS PARTY.

He Could Nominate a Yellow Dog for Governor if He Chose.

A week before the convention Colonel Guffey, in a room over his own office in this city, said to a prominent democrat that he couldn't nominate Gordon.

"He is a brainy fellow," said Guffey, "ambitious, vain and autocratic. He would run away with the whole business if he was elected. I couldn't do anything with him. I sent for George Jenks. I said to Jenks, you want to be governor. You don't know anything about politics, and I don't want you to know anything about it. You can give the people the kind of an administration they want, and I'll look after the political end of it. You don't want to bother about the offices. Jenks said to me 'You can run the whole—shooting match.' I will make Gordon attorney general," Guffey continued, "where he would be governor in fact—really run the administration, while Jenks would be nominally governor." A few days afterward (in New York) Guffey said that he wouldn't and couldn't consent to Judge Gordon, and he was asked:

"Colonel, would you rather nominate George Jenks and be defeated than take Gordon and elect him by an overwhelming majority?" and Guffey replied promptly, "Yes Certainly, yes." This to one of the men with whom Guffey had arranged to hold the western delegates by his own avowed candidacy till the time came for him to turn them over to Judge Gordon—an arrangement that was not thoroughly understood by Guffey, but was one of his own suggestions. On Tuesday, the 14th of June, Guffey got the delegates from the counties west of the Alleghenies together and announced that he could not be a candidate, as his physician had forbidden him to undertake the strain of a campaign. One of the delegates who were present, afterward one of the most conspicuous at the state convention, pointed out that the delegates would be divided between Jenks and Gordon, the latter having a little the best of it in strength. Guffey thereupon arose and made a speech that lined the delegates up for Jenks.

As Colonel Guffey remarked after the convention, "It was my convention. I could have put a yellow dog on the ticket if I had wanted to."

Guffey showed plainly that he had no personal antagonism to Gordon in this connection. "I will make him national committeeman in my place," he said to one of Gordon's friends before the convention, but after he had turned Gordon down. "I will do anything in the world for him, but I cannot nominate him for governor."

"Why?" he was asked.

"Because he won't say he voted for Bryan."

"That's all rot," was the blunt reply elicited from the man to whom it was said, and who proceeded to remind Guffey of the efforts it took to get him into line with the Bryan democracy at the last national election.

This reason or explanation for Guffey's rejection of Gordon is particularly amusing out here, where his own anti-Bryanism is well remembered. Of course Guffey not only knew of Gordon's attitude, but approved of it before he turned in with Gordon's friends, and he especially approved of the judge's decision to remain silent or reticent on the subject of national politics, expressing the opinion that this course would make him stronger in the state. It is not alone what is remembered of Guffey's own attitude, but in an interview in the Leader, of this city, Guffey said that for the silver party to win would be a "national calamity," and other tough things about the "silver crowd," and volunteered the advice that the democrats should begin a sound money educational campaign.—Pittsburg Dispatch to the Philadelphia Ledger.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

—A thief got into the office at the Lock Haven paper mill, on Wednesday night, and stole $27.

GETTING READY

Every expectant mother has a trying ordeal to face. If she does not

get ready for it, there is no telling what may happen. Child-birth is full of uncertainties if Nature is not given proper assistance.

Mother's Friend

is the best help you can use at this time. It is a liniment, and when regularly applied several months before baby comes, it makes the advent easy and nearly painless. It relieves and prevents "morning sickness," relaxes the overstrained muscles, relieves the distended feeling, shortens labor, makes recovery rapid and certain without any dangerous after-effects.

Mother's Friend is good for only one purpose, viz.: to relieve motherhood of danger and pain.

One dollar per bottle at all drug stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

FREE BOOKS, containing valuable information for women, will be sent to any address upon application to

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

How to be Dainty.

Daintiness is that undefinable quality in a girl which causes her to appear more charming than those around her; it is an attribute that is seldom inborn, but the result of culture. She is certain of making a good impression where other ignominiously fail to do so, a fact which causes jealousy and makes those who are not dainty look on with envious admiration and wish that they too, possessed the subtle charm. Daintiness, however, though not inherited, is the outcome of habit. A girl is dainty because she has been accustomed to give thought and time to being agreeable to others. Thus it becomes natural to her. Her wealth of hair, always so glossy and carefully trained, owes its satiny appearance to the fact that she brushes it regularly and frequently, and not solely when she feels in a mood to do so, or when she desires to look extra nice. Her pretty, soft hands, with their shell-like nails, are always in an immaculate condition, for it is her habit and pride to keep them spotlessly clean. Her person appears to shed around her a fragrant perfume, delicate, yet quite perceptible. This subtle fragrance comes from her dainty way of putting her dresses into drawers which contain sachets of sweetly smelling powder, the scent from which seems to be a part of herself.

Bicycle Meet.

The second bicycle meet of the Westport Bicycle Track association will be held at Westport on Labor Day, September 5, at 2 o'clock. The prizes are as follows:

One Mile Novice—First prize, gold filled cased watch, $15; second pair tan vici kid shoes, $4; third, fishing rod, $2.

Two-thirds of a mile, (boys aged 12 to 16, inclusive)—First prize electro gas bicycle lamp, $5; second, gold ring, $3; third bicycle watch and holder, $2.

One third of a mile dash—First prize, gold filled cased watch, $20; second, handsome water set, $5; third, gold ring, $3.

One mile open—First prize, diamond stud, $25. second, silk umbrella, $5; third, gold ring, $2:50

Five mile race—First prize, cathedral gong clock, $8; second gent's mackintosh, $5; third gold ring, $2.

Hung on a Clothes Hook.

A few days ago, 14-year-old Miller Clarke, of Hakspeare, near Milton, met with a painful accident. He was descending a plum tree, where he was picking fruit, and lost his hold. In sliding down he was caught by a clothes hook fast to the tree, just between the left eye and frontal bone, where he hung until a neighbor, attracted by his awful cries, released him. The flesh was horribly torn about the eye, but the sight, it is believed, can be saved.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

ALGER AT MONTAUK

Secretary of War Carefully Inspects Camp.

PRESIDENT TO VISIT VARIOUS CAMPS

Mr. McKinley Will Take a Brief Vacation and Embrace the Opportunity to Look In on the Soldiers in Hospitals

SEVERAL MORE DEATHS WEDNESDAY

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I., August 26.—Secretary Alger was driven early yesterday to the general hospital where there are 1,200 sick soldiers. He conversed with many of the sick men, inquired as to their condition and if they were in need of anything. General Alger occasionally made notes of what he saw. He assured the sick men that as soon as they were well enough they would be allowed to go to their homes on furlough.

An extra supply of milk was received yesterday and was a blessing to the typhoid sufferers. General Alger said there should be at least 2,000 gallons of milk delivered at the hospital camp daily and arrangements have been made for such a supply.

Dr. Weiderman, of the German army; Dr. Steinbach, surgeon in the German navy, and Lieutenant Commander Thomastwi, of the Japanese navy, who came to camp Wednesday were escorted through the camp on a tour of inspection yesterday.

The heat is playing havoc with the sick men in the camp and is partly responsible for the following deaths, which were reported yesterday: Private John Huller, Company K, Seventy-first New York volunteers; Private Thomas Smith, Seventh United States regular infantry, Durand, a colored man, of Company A, Twenty-fifth regular infantry; Luding and Disch, Troop E, Rough Riders, August Schratter, Company K, Seventy-first regiment; John Simpson, Company D, Tenth regular infantry; Sergeant G. P. Bradley, Company F, Sixteenth regular infantry.

There are 1,120 sick in the general hospital and 336 in the detention hospital. There are 210 cases of typhoid fever. One hundred and thirty sick of the Eighth Ohio volunteers were landed from the Mohawk yesterday and taken to the detention hospital.

Secretary Alger after making an inspection of the general hospital and detention camp complimented the surgeons and the Red Cross nurses for their good work and ordered one hundred men of the Second engineer corps to do police duty about the camp. Secretary Alger also ordered that wooden flooring be placed in the kitchen, dining tents and general hospital.

Colonel Roosevelt arrived in camp yesterday from his home at Oyster Bay, where he had been spending a week's furlough. Colonel Roosevelt said he expected to have a talk with Secretary Alger after mustering out the Rough Riders and to tell him some of the brave deeds of the men in his command in the battles before Santiago.

Women are not the only ones who are sensitive about their ages. A man doesn't like to be told that he is getting old. Health keeps a man young. It doesn't make any difference if he has lived eighty years. If they have been healthy years, he will be hale and hearty and won't look within twenty years as old as he is. Good digestion and rich, red blood make people look youthful. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes rich, red blood. It makes health in the right way. It works according to the right theory, and in 30 years of practice, it has proved that the theory is absolutely correct. It begins at the beginning—begins by putting the stomach, liver and bowels into perfect order, but it begins its good work on the blood before it finishes with the digestive system. It searches out disease germs wherever they may be and forces them out of the body. All druggists keep the "Discovery."

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE for September will contain an article by George B. Waldron on "The Commercial Promise of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines;" and an article by Ray Stanuard Baker describing the elaborate and costly system by which the news of the war has been reported for the American newspapers.

"Why Women Cannot Sleep."

The highly organized, finely-strung nervous system of women subjects them to terrors of nervous apprehension which no man can ever appreciate.

The peace of mind, the mental poise and calmness under difficulties, which is necessary for happy womanhood is only possible when the sensitive feminine organism is in a perfectly healthy condition. If there be any weakness or derangement in this respect no remedy in the world so completely restores womanly health, nervous vigor and capability as the wonderful "Favorite Prescription" invented by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y. It purifies, heals and strengthens; insures functional regularity; provides physical reinforcement and sustaining power at periods of special weakness and depression.

It is the only medicine which makes the coming of baby safe and comparatively easy. In a personal letter to Dr. Pierce, Mrs. Marguerite Collin, of Cutler, Algoma Co., Ont., says:

"I was a sufferer and was cured by Dr. Pierce's wonderful medicine. When I commenced the medicine I could neither eat nor sleep. My hands and feet were constantly cold; I had a wasting, troublesome drain for three months and my monthly periods were never regular. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it cured me. I feel well. I thank the World's Dispensary Medical Association."

Circular to Collectors.

Commissioner Scott, of Washington, has issued the following letter to collectors of internal revenue, relative to sales of unstamped articles subject to internal revenue tax under Schedule B, Act of June 13th, 1898:

In view of the fact that in many cases druggists and other dealers in articles subject to internal revenue tax under Schedule B, Act of June 13th, 1898, were unable to procure the necessary stamps for such articles on hand July 1st 1898, collectors of internal revenue will at once notify all such druggists and dealers that sworn statement of all such sales of such unstamped articles made by them on and after that date should be furnished without delay, setting forth the dates on which such sales were made, the quantity (bottles, packages, etc.,) so sold, and the retail value thereof.

Under receipt of the statements so furnished, the tax found to be due will be reported on Form 23, for assessments.

The penalties imposed by Section 20 of the Act named for selling, or removing for consumption or sales of any of the articles above referred to, without the payment of the tax due, will be enforced in all cases where the statement herein required is not furnished within thirty days from date.

New York and Washington Ladies

In delicate condition derive great benefit from Speer's Wine. Also excelent for the aged and infirm convalescents.

A SICK FUND.

Centre Hall Contributes for the Soldier Boys of Co. B.

Last weeks Centre Hall Reporter says:

About two weeks ago a public meeting of the citizens of Centre Hall was held in the United Evangelical church to consider the feasibility of contributing something for the benfit of our Centre county sick soldier boys. A committee of five ladies was appointed to solicit contributions. They were, Mrs. H. W. Kreamer, Mrs. Annie Boozer, J. W. Henney, Mrs. W. F. Bradford, and Mrs. S. W. Smith. These ladies collected $34.30, which was remitted to Capt. Hugh Taylor, of Co. B, 5th Reg., and the following reply was received:

BELLEFONTE, Aug. 15.

REV. J. M. REARICK,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Your letter with check for $34.30 enclosed received. Please accept thanks from me and the boys in Co. B, for the kindness of yourself and friends. I have turned money over to Sergeant S. D. Gettig, who is treasurer of the company, and the money will be expended for the sick and needy members of Co. B. We have many sick men at present and the money is needed, and comes handy just now.

H. S TAYLOR,
Captain Co. B.

Speer's Portugal Grape Wine.

Is the most pleasing and comforting beverage that can be given an invalid. Ask your doctor.

—Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN and get all the war news.

As His Mother Used to Do.

He criticised her pudding,
And he didn't like her cake;
He wished she'd make the biscuit
Like "his mother used to make."

She didn't wash the dishes,
And she didn't make the stew;
And she didn't mend his stockings
"As his mother used to do."

Oh, well, she wasn't perfect,
But she tried to do her best,
Until at length her time had come
To have a little rest.

So when one day he growled and whined
The whole day thro' and thro,'
She turned him up and fanned his pants
Just "as his mother used to do."

COMING TO SOMERSET.

President McKinley Will Spend Sunday With His Brother Abner.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—President McKinley announced yesterday afternoon that he will leave Washington for Somerset, Pa., at 9 o'clock next Saturday morning to visit his brother, Mr. Abner McKinley. He will spend Sunday there and on the way will stop off at Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., for about half an hour. Other plans are contemplated which are likely to make his trip longer.

This will be the first vacation President McKinley has taken since war threatened. It will be of very short duration, occupying in all, according to present plans, less than a fortnight. He will leave here at 9 o'clock Saturday morning on a special train of Pullman cars. Mrs. McKinley will be with him, and they will have a small party of friends as guests. The President's wish is to have as little display and publicity of his movements as possible, he desiring a quiet trip, unhampered by ceremonies. Accordingly his plans as made up do not include a general review of the troops at Camp Meade. The train enroute to Somerset will make a short stop, about half an hour, or just long enough to look over the camp but not to stay long enough to warrant any general or long exercises. This is due to his personal inclination to omit all ceremony. He will next proceed direct to his brother's home to remain over Sunday. Beyond that point his plans are not finally settled. He has promised to make a visit to Camp Wikoff at Montauk Point, L. I., when the condition of the troops will permit them to march in review and it is possible though not probable, that he may go there next week. He has a special desire to see the heroes of Santiago and will endeavor to reach Montauk at as early a date as their physical condition warrants.

Meaning of the "Round Robin."

Many inquires have been made recently as to the meaning of "round robin," which term has been given considerable publicity by the letter that was written by our generals at Santiago. The round robin is a protest citing some grievance suffered by the crew of a vessel, to the captain. A piece of paper is secured and cut perfectly round. A statement of the trouble is written in circular lines upon the paper. The signatures of the petitioners are also written around the robin, following the circular form, and when it is finished no man's name is found to be the first one. While it presents the sentiments of all signers the ring leader's name can not be found, because of the shape of the document. The term originated in that way and has become useful in the army and navy as well as on ordinary ships of passage. Robin was the man's name who first thought of the device.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Heaviest Storm of the Season.

One of the heaviest storms of the season passed over Bellefonte and vicinity Wednesday Aug. 24. The rain fell in torrents, the lightning flashed, the thunder rolled incessantly and hail stones as big as marbles fell. The roof on the large barn of the Brockerhoff farm on which Daniel Kline resides was blown clear off and many trees were damaged. At Centre Hall trees were blown down, sheds were unroofed and considerable damage was done. Several of the horse sheds at Grange Park were blown over.

A sister of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln will contribute McCLURE'S MAGAZINE for September an article giving reminiscences and recollections of Mrs. Lincoln, along with passages from her letters that furnish an intimate and very agreeable view of her home life and her relations with her husband, the great War President.

Republican, N. Y: Tribune $1.50

A Word of Warning

The trouble with thousands of women is not "female weakness," although many physicians suppose it is. The real trouble lies in the Kidneys, Liver and Bladder. Doctors often fail to effect a cure, simply because they don't give the right remedy. Women as well as men can ascertain for themselves if their Kidneys are diseased. Simply fill a bottle or glass tumbler with urine and let it stand a day and a night. If there is a sediment at the bottom, something is wrong with the Kidneys. If there is a desire to urinate often—if there is a pain in the small of the back—if the urine stains linen—look out! The Kidneys are diseased.

Ladies can take *Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy* with perfect assurance of relief. It will cure them of Kidney, Liver and Bladder disorders just as certainly as it cures men.

Mrs. G. W. Davenport, of West Troy, N. Y., says: "I was troubled with my Kidneys, and suffered intense pain in my back and loins. The wife of Dr. Robinson, pastor of the First Avenue Methodist Church, recommended *Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*. I got some, and have used it ever since, with the result that I am greatly benefited. All pains have left me, and I am like another person."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is a perfect blood and nerve medicine. It restores the liver to a healthy condition and cures the worst cases of constipation. It is a certain cure for all diseases peculiar to females.

Sample Bottle Free

Favorite Remedy is such a certain cure that the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., will forward, prepaid, a free sample bottle to every sufferer who sends his or her full postoffice address and mentions this paper. The fact that our liberal offer appears in this paper is a guarantee of its genuineness.

All druggists sell *Favorite Remedy* at $1.00 a bottle.

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAWMILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds** and **Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage 3 times as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; great saving in power and wear. Catalogue and prices free. Also **Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Mfrs., York, Pa.

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 2 Hair Brush, $1.50. No. 3 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50. No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. A. SCOTT,
842 Broadway, N. Y.

FARMERS

you can make money by selling and using HOLDFAST Corn Binders, used on every shock. Pull and it's fast. Ties itself. Costs less than string. Never wears out. Thousands easily sold in a town. Good profits. Get your town agency now. Outfit 5c., stamps. TIE CO., Box 224 Unadilla, N.Y.

HUMPHREYS' ANIMAL SPECIFICS.

A. A. CURES	FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES	SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES	EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES	WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES	COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES	COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G.	Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES	KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES	MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES	BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. Veterinary Manual Sent Free.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

Rochester Business Institute

88 Court St., Rochester, N. Y.
NATIONAL SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND SHORTHAND.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

cures Lung Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

War with Spain!

Reliable War News
IN THE GREAT
NATIONAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

Furnished by Special Correspondents at the Front.

The New York WEEKLY TRIBUNE

RELIABLE WAR NEWS

Will contain all important war news of the daily edition.

Special dispatches up to the hour of publication.

Careful attention will be given to Farm and Family Topics, Foreign Correspondence, Market Reports, and all general news of the World and Nation.

We furnish the New York Weekly Tribune and your favorite home paper,

THE REPUBLICAN,
BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.50
Send all orders to THE REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

St. Swithin's Reign.

His Forty Days Have Expired and Rain Should Cease.

St. Swithin has done his very best this year to prove there is some reason for believing that if it rains on his own particular day, the 15th of July, forty days of wet weather will follow. For a few weeks after that date the showers were few and far between, but reviewing the entire period of forty days which have passed since that date, it can safely be stated that if there is any thing in the theory, St. Swithin has well sustained his reputation. Very few days have passed without a shower and some of them have been marked by heavy showers and continuous rains.

The forty days have now expired and it is hoped that St. Swithin will abdicte, or sign a protocol, or do something of that sort.

He may secure an extension of time, though, for this privilege seems to have been granted him at least two centuries ago. A poem treating of the month of July in "Poor Robin's A'manacs," printed in 1697, begins:

"In this month is St. Swithin's day,
On which if that it rains, they say,
Full forty days after it will,
Or more or less, some rain distill."

The words "more or less" may refer to rain or to days, if St. Swithin can seize upon any excuse for extending his reign beyond the recognized limit, he can be relied upon to do it. He has kept up such a lively gait this year that it may be difficult for him to stop.

See a lot of women in another column treading grapes at Do Sexio, Portugal, for wine. Read all about it and about Speer's N. J. method and what it is particularly good for.

Enlisting Apprentices.

Lieutenant Jerome E. Morse U. S. N., commanding recruiting and training station U. S. S. Michigan, at Erie, announces that apprentices of the third class who are particularly well qualified, will be enlisted until further orders. They must be boys between the age of 14 and 17, must have the consent of their parents or guardians, must bear excellent character, be robust, intelligent, and perfectly sound and healthy constitution. They will receive nine dollars a month and rations and will be promoted when qualified, to apprentices of the second class at $15. per month, and apprentices of first class at $21 dollars per month. They will be enlisted to serve in the navy until they are 21 years old. They will be educated and trained to fill the position of seamen and petty officers. This is an excellent opportunity for the young men who are desirous of entering the navy.

Wheeler to McKinley.

Washington, August 27.—The president has received the following letter from General Joe Wheeler:

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, N. Y., August 26.—President of the United States: I was very glad to hear that you would visit Montauk Point very soon. The visit of the secretary of war has accomplished more than I can express. He has promptly corrected evils, made valuable suggestions, giving directions regarding administration. In addition his personal visit to 1,500 sick soldiers in the hospitals has cheered them up and it is difficult to adequately convey to you the change for the better since the secretary's arrival. The announcement that you will visit the soldiers has already added to this improvement and your presence here for even a single day will accomplish good, the great extent of which you can only realize after you have made your visit.

[Signed] Wheeler, Commander.

Remedy for Hornet's Sting.

"I have tried a remedy for the bites and stings of wasps, yellow-jackets, hornets, bees and insects generally this season," remarked a Montgomery county, (Md.) farmer to a Star reporter, "which though new to me, has proved to be efficacious in the number of opportunities I have had to try it, both on myself and my family and friends. There is no way that I know of to stop the intense pain that follows immediately after a sting, but a careful rubbing of the stung part a few seconds with the juice of any two plants, herbs, leaves or grasses that may be handy will shorten the duration of the pain and in many instances prevent the swelling which follows some stings. It matters not what plants or herbs are used. First apply one and then the other. The theory of the cure is that if the juice of one of the plants does not neutralize the poison of the sting the other will, and that if both fail if tried separately they will work effectually as a combination.

"Poison oak, or poison ivy, as it is often called, while an irritant itself, is the exact opposite if applied as one of the parts of the cure. Recently I knew of a woman who, in a hurry to get weeds for a painful sting of a wasp, used poison oak first and then stramonium, or deadly nightshade, either by itself poisonous to a certain extent under some conditions to many people. The combination had the effect of stopping the pain from the sting and doing no harm itself, although under ordinary circumstances she was susceptible to either. Poisonous weeds are not necessary. The juice from the tomato vine, the cabbage plant, pea or beans, or indeed, any two plants of vines, is preferable. It is the combination of any two of them that seems to be specially efficacious in stopping the pain and swelling."

Soft Coal Shipments.

A few days ags 13,059 tons of coal from the soft coal regions from Pennsylvania were shipped from Philadelphia to foreign ports. These shipments are important in asmuch that the bulk of them is intended for Havana and Sagua and the first direct sailings from Philadelphia since the war to ports in Cuba other than Santiago de Cuba. The list includes the British steamships Strathairly, Captain Henderson, for Havana, with 5,800 tons of bituminous coal, valued at $4,800; the schooner Sarah D. Fell, Captain Loveland, for Sagua, with 750 tons of bituminous coal, valued at $1,400 and the British ship Milverton, Captain Treleavan, for Cape Town, with 3,309 tons of bituminous coal, valued at $5,790.

In addition to these large shipments there are a number of vessels now loading and ready to load coal for the Cape Verde Islands and Cape Town while the British steamship Caldy, which arrived Monday from Santos, is loading 4,000 tons of coal for Buenos Ayers. A few years ago it would have been considered an impossibility to land Pennsylvania mined coal in Buenos Ayres or adjacent ports at figures in competition with English shippers.

Is selecting Ambassador Hay to succeed Secretary of the State Day, President McKinley has chosen a man thoroughly informed first hand, on the whole Eastern question as well as on the President's policy of expansion. Herein the President has shown much wisdom, especially as Ambassador Hay has stood on such good terms with the British Foreign office, and the English people generally.

Letter From Schley.

Tyrone, Pa., Aug. 27.—Admiral Winfield Scott Schley is a distant relative of the Heims family of Tyrone. Shortly after the great naval battle off Santiago Miss May Heims wrote to Admiral Schley recalling the relationship and requesting a button from the coat which he wore on the morning of the battle. In reply she received the following letter written immediately upon receipt of her note:

"U. S. S. Brooklyn, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, Aug. 12, 1898.—Dear Miss Heims:

"Thank you for the note. My grandmother on the paternal side was Mary Schriver, and her family came from Westminster, Md. The older members of the Schleys and indeed all the younger ones, have pronounced the name 'Sly;' and I do.

"I only wish I could send you a button but I wore that day a dark blue sack coat with bone buttons only; as I had to be so completely exposed, it would have been too much if I had made myself conspicuous in dress, for the enemy's rapid fire guns.

"I hope when peace shall come that I may have the pleasure of meeting my new cousin, and trust I shall be able to do so. I hope you will regard me

Very cordially yours,
"W. S. Schley."

—Charles Lemon and Axel Paul, of Philipsburg have the contract for enlarging the reservoir at Houtzdale.

DO YOU DESIRE FRAGRANT BREATH AND PEARLY TEETH? YOU CAN HAVE BOTH BY USING GREEN'S AROMATIC ANTISEPTIC TOOTH WASH PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE AT GREEN'S PHARMACY.

Professional Cards.

D. H. Hastings. W. F. Reeder

Hastings & Reeder
Attorneys-at-Law.
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Focum & Hastings. 14-1y-1f

A. A. Dale,
Attorney-at-Law
Office in Crider's Building, corner Allegheny streets, Bellefonte, Pa. 24-19-1f

Clement Dale,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in Crider's new building corner Allegheny and High streets

Hugh S. Taylor
Attorney at Law.
No 24 Temple Court. All manner of business attended promptly.

SCENE IN A PORTUGAL WINERY,

In the mountains, at the Quinto do Sexio, Portugal, a famous Port Wine district where the custom of treading the grapes for Port Wine is still in vogue. From ten to a dozen men or women for each gang in turn continue the treading, day and night, during the four or five weeks vintage. Some of the treading vats are large enough for three separate rows of ten men each, who with their white breeches well tucked up, their arms on each other's shoulders, raise and tread their feet alternately, with song and shouts to keep the lazier ones up to the work, and a band with string instruments enlivens the hours.

Speer, of New Jersey, Uses Rollers instead of Feet.

It is from this district the vines were imported over forty years ago that now fill the vineyards of the Speer Wine Co., at Passaic.

At Passaic the same kind of grapes are crushed between large rollers of rubber, revolved by steam. This is the only place in this country where the real genuine Port Wine is made from the Oporto grape—and they are grown right in Speer's Vineyards.

These vineyards extend over ½ of a mile along one of the Main avenues of Passaic, and comprise fifty six acres. The soil being rich in iron makes the wine most valuable for Medical use.

SPEER'S WINES

Are well known to be of the highest character, the oldest and most refined Wines in America, equal if not superior to any wines in the world. They consist of Port, Sherry, Burgundy, Claret, Sauterne Wines, and ★★★ Climax Brandy. Mr. Speer has some Wine in his cellars that he made over thirty eight years ago. All of Speer's Wines and Brandy are very old, rich, well rounded, soft and delicate. Every family should have a bottle or two of each variety of Speer's Wines and Brandy always in the home, for sickness or family use.

For Sale by Druggists and Grocers Who Sell High Class Wines.

Wear Royal Worcester Corsets.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Designs
Copyrights &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy

The one sure cure for The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

Cures all Kidney, Stomach and Liver Troubles.

Tea Clubs

We will interest you. Send us your address on a Postal Card.

American Tea Co.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

3 FAVORITE AND MOST POPULAR FLOWERS

PANSIES, NASTURTIUMS, SWEET PEAS, one Pkt. of each variety for only 6 cts. and the Address of Two Friends

Including free copy of 1898 Catalogue and Floral Culture.

Miss C. E. Kippergott, 319 Sixth Street So., Minneapolis, Minn.

OWN A TEN ACRE FRUIT & TRUCK FARM

In the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, near Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling lands, no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, only short distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. **Delaware Land and Improvement Company, 11** Broadway, New York City.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Grey Hair.

Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases. Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY try at once DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of DR. HAY'S RIPE CORN, only sure and instant 10c. CORN CURE, on receipt of 60c. in Stamps. $1.50. AT ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

DON'T ACCEPT ANY SUBSTITUTE.

DEAF NESS & HEAD NOISES instantly relieved by Cushions. Our INVISIBLE TUBULAR Whispers heard. Send for adjustable Ear Drums. Book and Proofs FREE. Address F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N. Y.

The Bellefonte Republican,

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

Al advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

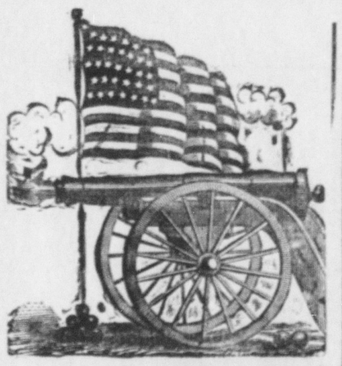
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1898.

W. E. GRAY, Chairman, Bellefonte.
HARRY KELLER, Secretary.
G. W. REES' Asst. Sec.
J. T MITCHELL, Asst. Sec.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte,	N W...F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
"	S W...Jas I McClure	"
"	W W...S H Williams	"
Centre Hall boro.	B D Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard "	Hayes Schenck	Howard
Milesburg "	A S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	John Sch elfer.	Millheim
Philipsburg	1 w P E Womelsdorf,	Philipsburg
"	"2 Geo E Chandler,	Philipsburg
"	"3 Harry Simler	"
SouthPhilipsburg	Ira M Stover	Ph'psbg
Unionville Boro	Riley Pratt	Fleming
Benner twp, N P	Benner Way,	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P	Geo. W. Miller,	"
Boggs Twp	E P J M Parker.	Roland
Boggs Twp	W P J A Crider	Milesburg
Boggs Twp	N P James Croft	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	Samuel Beightol	Moshannon
College Twp	J W Getz.	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
College boro	Philip D Foster State Coll.	
Ferguson Twp	E P Claudius B Hess	Fairbrook
Ferguson "	W P J W Sunday.	Rock Springs
Gregg "	N P Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg "	W P. W S Musser,	Spring Mills
Gregg "	E P. Jos. K. Bitner.	Penn Hall
Haines "	E P E H Musser	Woodward
Haines "	W P Dr O S Musser	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	F N Wyre	Loveville
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Turner	Mt. Eagle
Huston "	Daniel Yothers	Julian
Liberty "	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion "	R K Wilson	Walker
Miles E P	John DeLong	Livonia
" N. P.	San'l Strohecker.	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton "	Frank Clemson	Benore
Penn "	James Cooney	Coburn
Potter Twp	N P Geo M Boal	Centre Hall
Potter "	S P Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush "	N P. Thomas James.	Philipsburg
Rush "	S P Harry S Stuart,	Sandy Ridge
SnowShoe	E P J I Yarnell	Snow Snow
"	W P. Boston Viehdorfer,	Moshannon
Spring Twp	N P Wm Saylor Sr.	Bellefonte
Spring "	S P M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring "	W P Wryeman T Noll.	Bellefonte
Taylor "	Christ Sharer	Hannah
Union "	Lunoy Lucas	Fleming
Worth "	H H Osman	Port Matilda
Walker "	Irvin Yarnell;	Hublersburg
" "	George Gobble.	Nittany
" "	Chris. Decker.	Zion



Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT.
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna.

Republican County Ticket.

CONGRESS.
W. C. ARNOLD,
DuBois.

STATE SENATOR.
P. E. WOMELSDORFF,
Philipsburg.

LEGISLATURE.
J. A. DALEY,
Curtin.
E. F. TOWNSEND,
Philipsburg.

PROTHONOTARY.
A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,
TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

GAME LAWS.

Records of Seasons in Which Birds and Animals May Be Taken Legally.

In the time stated birds and animals may be taken legally:

Quail and partridge, from October 15 to Dec. 15.

Pheasants, ruffed grouse and prairie chicken, Oct. 15 to Dec. 15.

Wild turkey, Oct. 15 to Dec. 15.

Woodcock, month of July and Oct. 15 to Dec. 15.

Rail and reed bird, Sept. 1 to Nov. 30.

Plover, July 15 to Jan. 1.

Geese and ducks, Sept. 1 to May 1.

Elk and deer, Nov. 1 to Nov. 30.

Squirrel, Oct. 15 to Dec. 15.

Hare and rabbit, Nov. to Dec. 15.

Under the new laws no more than ten pheasants (ruffled grouse) two wild turkeys, ten woodcock or fifteen quail may be killed by one person in one day and no more than two deer in any year. Market hunting, buying, selling and shipment of game birds and animals are prohibited. The killing of birds other than game birds is prohibited. Sunday gunning is prohibited. Decoys may be used in hunting ducks and geese only. All game must be shot with a gun. Dogs must not be used to hunt deer or elk, or to capture or kill them in the waters, streams, ponds or lakes. The use of ferrets for hunting game is prohibited. English and Mongolian pheasants are protected for five years from June 4, 1897. Killing, wounding or catching with a trap, net, snare, birdlime or drugs is prohibited. However, English sparrows, kingfish, hawk-horned owl, barred owl, green heron or night are not protected. Fifteen days' time is allowed after the expiration of the season to dispose of game.

An Aristocratic Bishop.

The late Bishop William Ingraham Kip, of San Francisco, was very proud of his aristocratic family connection. He came from an old Dutch family, his ancestors having crossed the ocean from Hull before this country had made much history. Having considerable private means, and not being dependent upon his diocesan salary, the bishop made frequent trips to Europe, and upon his return from abroad he always committed the indiscretion, not uncommon with European travelers, of talking a great deal about the noble persons he had met. It was, "My friend Lord This" and "My relative Lord That," until even the bishop's admirers felt rather tired. One Episcopal layman, a hard-headed business man, proud of his American birth and in love with his democratic ideas, was especially disgusted. "The bishop gives me a pain," he said frankly. "Besides, he isn't on to his job," he continued. "He seems to know all about every lord in creation except the Lord God Almighty."—New York Tribune.

A Nightmare of the Past.

The Honolulu Bulletin, in describing the official transfer of the Republic of Hawaii to the United States says:

"The flag that 'Paramount' Blount had lowered from the judiciary building—then executive headquarters—on April 1, 1893, was hoisted at noon upon the identical flagstaff from which it was then hauled down."

From April 1, 1893, to August 12, 1898, was a long time to wait "Paramount" Blount and all the special agents of Grover Cleveland, both great and small, reported that the republic could not exist without the support of the United States; but in spite of the conspiracy of President Cleveland to overthrow the republic and replace Liliuokalani upon the throne it has existed for more than five years, and the islands are now a territory of the United States.

What "a nightmare of the past" that Cleveland administration was in all things!

—A pension has been granted to a Turkish soldier, who, after three years' service in the army became ill, and, coming under medical treatment, was discovered to be a woman.

Robbed Near DuBois.

J. A. Guthrie, a commercial man, while driving from Reynoldsville to DuBois Monday evening was stopped near the latter place about 9 o'clock by two men, each one of whom caught his horses by the bridles and covered Mr. Guthrie with their revolvers. The one robber then handed his revolver to his pal with the instructions that he should keep the traveler well covered. The stranger then went through the pockets of Mr. Guthrie and secured about $200 in money The robbers then departed. Mr. Guthrie drove quickly into DuBois and reported his loss. As the robbers had masks on their faces he could not give an accurate description. Mr. Guthrie travels for a Pittsburg firm and had often come over the same road without molestation. He had just made several collections for his firm.

Claims of Danger.

The war tax has induced a new element in the art of writing advertisements. Whoever gets up the matter for a soap, for example, must steer a very nice course and not claim too much, or his boss may have to pay a tax. To say that a soap will clear the skin of dirt is safe, because such a soap does not require a stamp; but when you tell the public that your soap will improve the complexion and give health to the skin, then you are taxed. So with baking powder. It is all right to advertise it as the best on earth and back statements up with chemical analysis, but the slightest claim to medicinal quality means a stamp.—National Advertiser.

Wedding Months.

There is a popular idea that June is the favorite month for weddings, and that the young woman who loves romance and wishes fortune to smile upon her nuptials in every way must choose this of all months. Cold and unromantic fact, however, shows that the three most popular marriage months are October, November and December. Fifty years' records show this to be true, and also demonstrates the fact that the most unpopular months for marriage are January, February and March.—Philadelphia Times.

DOUBLE DEALING.

Is the Cause of Many Heart Burnings—A Bellefonte Case That of the Opposite.

Double dealing like so many other expressions of the Anglo-Saxon language has different meanings. The text or heading does not refer to the deceitful, hypocritical specimens of manhood who curry favor for their own ends and keep the community in a ferment by retailing scraps of confidence. This time 'tis the double dealing of the little conqueror, Doan's Kidney Pills—to be more correct—the double healing. One member of a family tests them and like disease the infection spreads—another tries them the result is the same, a cure. Read the statement that follows made by

Mr. Curtis Johnson, of 583 Bishop St., freight and truckman, who says: "I had backache and lameness across my loins for a year or more. At times the lameness was so acute I could lift nothing, and if I stooped it was impossible for me to straighten up. When driving there was a steady aching over my kidneys the whole time and I had a dull, tired feeling which took away all my ambition. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills from F. Potts Green's drug store and they soon freed me from the whole combination of troubles and they did it quickly and thoroughly. My wife was also suffering from a tiresome, grinding backache and she used Doan's Kidney Pills and they invigorated her generally. She now speaks of them as highly as I do. We never came across any remedy which surpassed Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo. N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

MCKINLEY AT SOMERSET.

The President Resting at His Brother's Home.

GIVEN AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME

He is Keeping in Touch, However With National Affairs and allowed it to be Understood That Investigations Will be Made.

ATTENDED CHURCH ON SUNDAY.

Somerset, Pa., Aug. 29.—President McKinley came to Somerset to pass a restful day and he has certainly accomplished that purpose. The weather was delightful and the president has taken advantage of it. He rose early Sunday morning and passed an hour walking about the town with his brother Abner. Here and there he met an old acquaintance and stopped for a short talk. The president's determination to attend the morning service at the Methodist Episcopal chuch became known early and by the usual time for opening service every seat except those reserved for the presidential party was occupied. The altar was adorned with white chrysanthemums and various colored lilies. Mrs. Abner McKinley and daughter Mabel drove to the church and Abner and the president walked. Mrs McKinley did not attend church.

The services at the church opened with Mrs. Abner McKinley at the organ. After a voluntary the audience rose and sang "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." This was followed by a hymn, "Come Thy Almighty King." After a prayer offered by Rev. Mr. Youngson, who is visiting the pastor of the church, Miss Mabel McKinley, the president's niece, sang a solo, her mother playing the accompaniment. During the rendition of the solo the president's eyes were fixed upon "Little Sunshine,' as he sometimes calls his niece, and his enjoyment of the song was evident. After the singing of another hymn, "O Thou in whose presence," the pastor, Rev. Mr. Cameron, preached, taking his text from the twenty first verse, seventeenth chapter of the Gospel according to Luke. "The kingdom of God is within you." The sermon occupied about thirty five minutes and there was nothing in it to indicate that it had been prepared for the president's ear. At the close of the service the president left the church at once and, with his brother, walked directly to the latter's home. A few minutes later the president and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley entered the latter's carriage and passed some time in a drive to the country. While the president was sitting on the porch Sunday morning an aged German, who probably retains some unfavorable impression of imperial pomp in the Fatherland was driving past. Noticing the president, he pulled his horse up suddenly and said loud enough to be heard a square away:

"Why, Mr. President, you don't like the rulers in the old country; you don't wear a crown and you just dress like other men."

A smile and a pleasant bow was the president's reply.

Terrible Mine Fire.

DANVILLE, Ills., August 27.—A large coal mine operated by A. H. Bennett caught fire early yesterday morning and burned until 2 o'clock that afternoon. Eighteen men were in the mine at the time and barely escaped with their lives. When the alarm was given the entire force rushed to the shaft and found it in flames, the cage and cable having been burned. They resolved to try the air shaft at the other end of the mine and started to find their way through the dense smoke and fire. Several of the men sank exhausted and had to be carried on by their companions. Burning and bruised, they literally crawled over the hot coals and timber until their bodies were one mass of wounds. When they reached the air shaft they were drawn up by means of ropes. Many of them were so completely exhausted that ropes had to be tied around their bodies in order to get them out. Some of the men may die from the effects of burns. Charles Hatfield and son were among those who were seriously burned. The mules and horses used in the mine for the teaming were all cremated. The mine is practically worthless and probably will never be worked again.

Employes of Two Collieries—Foreigners Are Holding Meetings.

HAZLETON, Pa., August 30.—One thousand men employed at the Evans and the Coleraine collieries at Beaver Meadow and Coleraine, operated by the A. S. Van Winkle trustees, went out on a strike yesterday. This decision was reached at a meeting of the men at Beaver Meadow on Sunday night, and Monday morning pickets stationed along the roads leading to the collieries notified all who were not yet aware of the contemplated strike that no work would be allowed until the grievances which caused the strike are settled. This view was not generally concurred in by the English speaking miners, but they submitted and returned to their homes. The cause of the strike is alleged by the men to have been the discharge of an Hungarian laborer who is said to have refused to pay for the company doctor. The officials of the company deny this, assigning incompetency as the cause of the man's dismissal. The Hungarians held a secret meeting at Beaver Meadow early this evening, but its outcome was not made public. It is probable that a committee of the strikers will meet the officials with a view of settling the grievance complained of.

On the Line Shaft.

At Milton Friday morning, Lewis Ettinger, foreman in the machine shops of Shimer & Son, attempted to shift a belt. His clothing was caught on the line shaft, and he was whirled around at the rate of 200 revolutions a minute. The machinery was stopped and Ettinger was carried to a neighbor's house, his family being away. His left leg is broken below the knee, the left shoulder blade is broken, the left arm fractured in two places below the elbow and in one place above, one rib is broken, his right leg is badly bruised and he is otherwise seriously injured, although there is a possibility of his recovering.

Shuns Him.

Can you find a more despicable character than the slanderer? He is the pestilential vapor in a healthy atmosphere—a curse in the midst of blessings—the serpent in paradise—the devil among angels. How many good, kind people have been infected by his foul breath; how many pure reputations have been rendered questionable by his dark insinuations and diabolical innuendoes? If there is a being crawling on earth's surface who deserves the scorn, derision and contempt of mankind, it is the slanderer. Who does not loath and despise him? Like the midnight assassin, he stabs in the dark and makes shipwreck of that which is dearer to you than life.

Feeding Chickens for Eggs.

By actual experiments, I found it pays to feed my chickens twice a day, although they have the free run of the fields. Whenever I feed only once a day, my egg receipts drop off 50 per cent. I feed wheat which costs me 65c. per 100 pounds. I have the pure Golden Wyandottes and also R. C. Brown Leghorn hens crossed by roosters of the former. They lay eggs the year around. They bug my potatoes, worm my cabbage, and, by liberal feeding, they never trouble my garden stuff. I find this cross the most profitable, all plumage alike; no black chickens, good size, quick to feather and mature, and very healthy.—G. Camerer in Practical Farmer,

A Great Zoological Garden.

The Zoological Society of New York propose to construct what will probably be the finest zoological garden in the world in Bronx Park, New York, and under the direction of the executive committee the plans are being fully elaborated. The society expects to open the garden to the public in a satisfactory way on May 1st 1899. While the work is progressing with all due rapidity and zeal, the old and well approved plan of relieving biliousness and constipation through the beneficent agency of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters finds general recognition. This excelent family medicine is a safeguard against malaria and rheumatism. It invigorates the system through the medium of improved digestion and appetite, fortifies it against disease, and counteracts the effects of overwork, mental or physical, A wineglassful before retiring engenders health yielding and strength-giving sleep. Let it have the persistent and systematic trial that it deserves.

The rain clerk has at last signed a protocol.

Scrofulous Humor

Blood in Terrible Condition and All Run Down in Health—Has Become Strong and Healthy.

"I was all run down, blood in terrible condition and I was troubled with a severe scrofulous humor which caused me great suffering. I took medicine for a long time, but received no permanent benefit. At this time I was working in a general store, and I thought I would look over the medicines and see if I could find something that would hit my case. I read an advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. The first bottle helped me wonderfully and I continued its use until I had taken nine bottles. By this time I felt like a new man, and since then have not been sick a day. I am now strong and healthy and I have such confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla that I recommend it as the best medicine on earth." JOHN J. LITTLE, Munnsville, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1, six for $5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

Number of Passengers Killed.

Last year on American railways one passenger was killed in accidents out of every 2,827,474 passengers carried. That is to say, that you can take a train 2,827,474 times before, on the law of averages, your turn comes to be killed. You will have to travel 72,033,963 miles on the train before that turn comes, and 4,541,945 miles before you are injured. If you travel twenty miles every day for 300 days in the year, you can keep on at it for 758 years before your turn comes to be hurt. If there had been railways when our Savior was born, and you had begun to travel on the first day of the year A. D. 1, and had traveled 100 miles in every day of every month of every year since, you would still have (in this year 1898) nearly 3,000,000 miles to travel yet before your turn comes to be killed.

The Successful Remedy for Nasal Catarrh,

must be non-irritating, easy of application, and one that will by its own action reach the inflamed and diseased surfaces.

ELY'S CREAM BALM combines the important requisites of quick action and specific curative powers with perfect safety to the patient. This agreeable remedy has mastered catarrh as nothing else has, and both physicians and patients freely concede this fact. All druggists cheerfully acknowledge that in it the acme of Pharmaceutical skill has been reached. The most distressing symptoms quickly yield to it. In acute cases the Balm imparts almost instant relief.

By Absorption.

Catarrh sufferers should remember that Ely's Cream Balm is the only catarrh remedy which is quickly and thoroughly absorbed by the diseased membrane. It does not dry up the secretions, but changes them to a limpid and odorless condition, and finally to a natural and healthy character.

The Balm can be found at any drug store, or by sending 50 cents to Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York, it will be mailed.

Full directions with each package.

Cream Balm opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays inflammation, there by stopping pain in the head, heals and protects the membrane and restores the sense of taste and smell. The Balm is applied directly into the nostrils.

Philippine Forests.

Regarding the timber resources of the Philippine archipelago, Mr. Vanderlip, in the Century Magazine, says:

"A company is now forming for the purpose of invading the forests which clothe the slopes of the mountain ranges and cover thousands of acres of the valley lands not yet under cultivation. These forests, abounding in rare hardwoods, are virtually untouched. More than 60 varieties capable of use are known to exist. The rarest are a green and a yellow wood, which retain those colors in the finished product. They are susceptible of high polish, and for carving are said not to be surpassed. The trees are not large, but the logs cut from them will average a foot in diameter and are quite large enough for all practical purposes."

Sneezing Season Here.

When you see a man or woman for the next six weeks with watering eyes and an appearance that tells of physical torture you may rest assured that the pitiful creature is the victim of hay fever. The day for this most annoying of all human complaints dawned on August 20, and the malady will continue with more or less severity until about the 26th of September, when the first frost is due. In some cases the victim and sufferer is obliged to abandon his business. The fever is attended with incessant sneezing, the whole inside of the head constantly itching. There are many men, women and children in the city who are victims of hay fever most of whom keep on with their daily duties as if they were well. Some people look upon the malady as a joke, but all who had endured it, say it is no joke at all. When the annual annoyance is over there are the no happier people on globe than the hay fever sufferer.

The city's teachers are preparing for their school openings.

THE COMBINE SOUGHT TO BE MADE.

All the Anti-Republican Forces Trying to Make a Dicker With Each Other.

The Democratic Harmony Committee and Mr. Wanamaker's Mugwump Organization Meet on the Same Day in Philadelphia—Mr. Wanamaker Gets Off the Same Old Sour Grapes Speech and the Democrats Have One of Their Same Old Fights. How the State Treats the Local Taxpayer.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30.—"If Donnelly says there ever was more than two policemen at any polling place in my ward he is a liar," shouted ex-Magistrate Jeter J. Hughes, the leader of the Delehunty Democracy, at the harmony meeting here last week.

Whereupon Magistrate Donnelly, of the Ryan Democracy, in a harmonious spirit of repartee and a geographically limited sense of judicial dignity, responded:

"If I had you outside I would punch your face."

The meeting of which this was a characteristic incident, and the meeting on the same day of Mr. Wanamaker's so-called Business Men's League, which seems to be an invention for pulling the business man's leg, together with the announcement of an attempt to make a truck-and-dicker deal between the two representative bodies, with Dr. Swallow between as the tongue of the wagon, made the last week a Democratic one, so far as news is concerned. For whatever is anti-Republican, by whatever name it is called temporarily, is Democratic, since it is the Democratic party which will profit in the state and nation by every vote cast against Republican candidates.

Moreover, there is no longer any concealment of the terms of the bargain that is sought to be made, nor of the stake which each party to the combine is expected to throw into the pot. The Democrats have already, at the Altoona convention, turned their backs on the national principles upon which they fought the last campaign. True, they did not do so without consulting the national leaders of their party, for I happen to know that in response to an inquiry from Colonel Guffey, as to how far they could go without being cast out of the fold, National Chairman Jones gave him full liberty to adopt or denounce any doctrine as might seem to him good, adding plaintively that he didn't see "the chance for Democratic success was very good anywhere this fall fall anyhow." Nor would they be, in the face of the magnificent Republican administration which the people are to vote their opinion of in November, but that the discordant efforts of a few disappointed Republicans, who think their membership in the millionaires' club ought to make them the dictators of the party, and of a serviceable lot of others who are always willing to shout for anybody who will pan out for "the legitimate expenses of the campaign," are enough to give interest to the situation and challenge every local Republican to do his duty.

Doctor Swallow, for his share, has already cast into the pot the distinctive principles of the Prohibition party, and is too busy abusing and maligning everything Republican (with the same reckless tongue which brought him to trial in the Williamsport conference of his church upon the charge of being both a common and a specific and particular liar), to intimate to his hearers that whisky ought not to flow free as water.

The sacrifices which Republicans who are asked to leave their party will be expected to make were clearly outlined in Mr. Wanamaker's speech which was received with enthusiasm almost amounting to a tumult among the select gathering of 25 people to whom he read it. They are expected to see the Democrats and go them one further; to cast behind them not only their national but their state principles; to forget that there are such things as Democrats and Republicans, and to enter into secret alliance with any and every force which in the past has shown itself hostile to their party or the principles it represents, to the sole end of overthrowing the present leadership of their party, under which it has won the grandest and greatest victories in all its victorious history. That's all, and with the frankness of a tail that has determined to wag the dog, or wag itself off a-trying, they brandish the declaration in advance that the men they hope to elect to the legislature under the guise of Republicans will all be pledged in advance not to go into the Republican caucus; in other words, not to abide the judgment of the party majority on any party question.

Whom they will vote for for governor and the other state positions, and for congressmen-at-large, and for congressmen in the various districts, they do not say. The presumption is that their Democratic allies have made silence upon this point a condition of fellowship, leaving the matter open for separate dickering in various districts, according to circumstances. Well, it may be possible to make people forget all about the war and the tremendous questions which it leaves yet to be settled; forget that there is such a thing as Democracy and Republicanism, and turn a campaign whose issues are as important as any in 30 years upon the mere question of how many pasters and folders the legislature should employ, and what it should pay them per day, but the success of the scheme is open to doubt as clearly as its motives are open to suspicion.

It is said that "Hell hath no demon like a woman scorned," but she is good company alongside of a disappointed office-seeker, whose wrath would command the sun and the moon to stand still until his vengeance was satisfied. Garcia, taking his hungry Cuban army to the hills in a pet because Shafter wouldn't let him run the town, doesn't compare with these men demanding the heads of the Republican leaders under whose leadership they were fairly, squarely and completely defeated by the party in their aspirations for office. It is more like a demand from Spain that Dewey and Schley shall be not promoted, but dismissed from their commands.

Mr. Wanamaker's speech at his little gathering, as a matter of fact, was disappointing, although it was much admired by the city papers, which get from four to six columns of good advertising from him every day. It was brilliant and vigorous, but it was the brilliancy of the will-o-the-wisp, and the unprofitable vigor of a kicking mule. It was full of vituperative abuse of Republican administration of state affairs, but alleged nothing specific, and only repeated in general and more picturesque terms the old and discredited charges for which Dr. Swallow, when he put them in definite form, was criminally convicted in the Dauphin county court. It set up a ghost of dishonesty in state affairs, and then scared at it, although not one dollar has been lost or stolen from the state treasury by mismanagement or dishonesty in all the years of Republican administration, and it cried out against alleged extravagance and oppressive taxation under which the people are groaning, although not a man in all the state of Pennsylvania, except he has money at interest, pays a special license for conducting a particular business, or is a stockholder in a bank, a railroad company, or some like corporation, pays one cent of tax toward the support of the state government, directly or indirectly. If anyone will take the trouble to look at the official records he will see that there is only one county in the state, that of Philadelphia, which does not get directly back from the state in appropriations for local purposes, and which go to lighten the burden of local taxation, thousands of dollars more than it pays in, running in some of the poorer counties as high as eight times as much. There are only two counties, Philadelphia and Allegheny, which do not get back more money for common school purposes alone than all that their citizens pay in. The individual citizen in Pennsylvania, under the legislation which the Republican party has made, pays nothing as an individual toward the support of the state government. The corporation taxes and the special taxes and the license fees upon particular classes of business foot the entire bill, and amount to over $3,000,000 besides, which is divided among the counties to lighten the burdens of local taxation.

This is the sort of a Republican record which anybody has to go up against who undertakes to make anti-Republican fight on state issues. The truth is that the state of Pennsylvania is not the oppressor of its citizens, but their benefactor, and nobody is "groaning" under anything worse than an unsatisfied ambition to hold office, or something he has eaten that doesn't agree with him There are a good many people, you know, who mistake their inactive liver for an active conscience.

Mr. Wanamaker's speech was brilliantly composed, however, and as a piece of vituperative English reflects credit on the man who wrote it. "But that," as Mr. Kipling would say, "is another story."

GEORGE H. WELSHONS.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Coal Oil Johnny Says It Wasn't So.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Mr. John Steele, of Nebraska, familiarly known in this State as "Coal Oil Johnny" is visiting the scenes of his former fame in Venango county. *He* says all the stories regarding his immense wealth, attained from oil, and the free dissipation of his fortune are without foundation; that his total income in the earlier days of oil's boom was a royalty in the McClintock farm production. Mrs. McClintock, its owner, had saved $60,000 from the royalty and she left it to him. *He* invested the money in a business block in Meadville, leaving a balance unpaid. Oil then dropped from $4 per barrel to 50 cents; he was unable to meet his obligations and turned the property over to other parties at a great loss. Mr. Steele says he was only 19 years old when all the sensational stories were written about him, and he was a little lavish with his money, as a boy would naturally be.

New Postal Cards.

The postoffice department is soon to issue a new set of postal cards, slightly smaller than those now in use. There are to be three styles of cards in the new issue. The ordinary single card, for both domestic and international use, is to be 3¼ by 5½ inches. There are to be smaller cards for domestic use only, which are to be 2 15 by 4 15 16 inches, and a double return card, for both domestic and international use, which is to be 5½ by 6½ inches. The smaller card is an entirely new size; the ordinary single card is to be one fourth of an inch narrower than the corresponding card now in use, and the double reply card is also reduced a quarter of an inch in width.

Pumpkin pies and buckwheat cakes next.

900 DROWNED!

Spaniards Were Fleeing to Escape From Massacre.

THEY WERE IN THREE VESSELS

They Were Cut Loose, the Leyte Going to Manila for Assistance and There She Was Captured by Americans.

SEARCH MADE FOR THE BODIES

TACOMA, Wash., August 31.—The Hong Kong Daily Press is authority for the statement that 900 Spaniards, including sixteen priests, lost their lives several weeks ago when the Spanish gunboat Leyte was captured by a vessel belonging to Admiral Dewey's squadron. The Leyte had been stationed in an adjoining island, where the insurgents were numerous and aggressive. The latter were gaining ground rapidly and 900 Spaniards boarded three Sailing vessels in an endeavor to escape massacre.

The gunboat Leyte under took to tow these three transports to Manila bay, where the Spaniards aboard them were to surrender to Anmiral Dewey, if they could not land somewhere sooner and reach Manila under cover of darkness. After the Leyte had towed them down Parpangas river and some distance along the coast, a heavy storm came up, making it necessary for the gunboat to cut her tows loose and proceed to Manila for assistance.

Before getting there she was captured by the Americans, the next day, and an American vessel was dispatched to find the three transports, but failed to discover any trace of them. The natives on the nearby coast say they saw nothing of any vessel. The Hong Kong Press finally reached the conclusion that the vessels foundered with all on board.

The Chinese emperor has issued an edict that European and American editors, missionaries and their converts in his empire be fully protected. He says that in this respect all Chinese officials have heretofore been derelict. He issues this edict as a final warning and declares his determination that there shall be no more riots.

Japanese papers announce that all export duties now imposed in Japan are to be gradually abolished, with the object of increasing the foreign trade.

HOWARD ITEMS.

Mr. Claud Moore, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Moore.

Miss May Kinney of McKeesport, Pa., is the guest of her grandmother Mrs. John Diehl.

Miss May Kane of Lock Haven visited on Saturday last at the home of Mrs. Wm. Weber.

Rev. Lewis Robb, of Altoona is at home on a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark of Mill Hall, spent a few days last week at the home of Mr. Thomas Butler.

Miss Bessie Fletcher of Lock Haven is spending a few days at her home in this place.

Miss Jennie Wagner, of Lock Haven, is the guest of her brother Mr. J. H. Wagner.

Miss May Dale is visiting at the home of Miss Mabel Moore on Walnut street.

Miss Nellie Kline returned home on Saturday after spending a few weeks at Atlantic city.

Mr. O. J. Allison has purchased the C. C. Cook lot and has been moving his house on it for the past two days.

Mr. Jackson Kline has purchased a new team, it is a dandy.

The Howard township school directors are repairing and repainting the Fair view school house

On August 15th the Ladies Mite Society of the United Evangelical church of this place gave a very delightful birthday surprise party in honor of Mrs. Maggie Hopkins, of Principio Furnace, Md., at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. White on Grove St. There were upwards of 50 in attendance, all enjoying themselves in social chat until about nine o'clock when they were invited to the dining room where they were served with Ice Cream, Cake, Coffee etc., which everybody enjoyed. After which everybody returned to their respective homes wishing her many happy birthdays.

—Judge Archibald has handed down his decision in the ejectment case in equity brought by the executors of A. C. Moore, deceased, against Mrs. Louisa Bush, and dismissed the case with costs. The amount involved is about $20,000.

Weyler Wants A Dictatorship.

(Continued from first page.)

and Privates Clark and Childs of Troop A, New York Cavalry, were also on board. Lieutenant Warkhizer and Privates Peter Cheston, Clark and Childs have malarial fever in a mild form. The other men are on furloughs and are well.

The Commissioners to Porto Rico consisting of Messrs. Potter, Van Rensselaer, Vanuxem and Groff, left Philadelphia on the May, August 6, arriving at the port of Ponce August 11, and will return to Philadelphia on the vessel.

LONDON, August 30.—Colonel John Hay, the retiring United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James, who has accepted the portfollio of Secretary of State at Washington, in succession to William R. Day, who has been appointed one of the United States Peace Commissioners, went to Osborne, Isle of Wight, yesterday afternoon, in order to dine and sleep there and bid farewell to Queen Victoria, who startes for Scotland on Wednesday,

Colonel Hay's letter of recall has not arrived here, and probbly will be presented by his successor.

Mrs. Hay was also invited to Osborne, but was unable to go, owing to the fact that she was absent on the continent.

The Royal yacht will meet Colonel Hay at Portsmouth and will convey him to Cowes.

Owing to the brief time left him before departing for America, Colonel Hay has been compelled to decline an invitation from the Lord Mayor of London to a farewell banquet.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 30.—There is still a possibility of a change in the personnel of the American membership of the peace commission. Up to this moment it is not yet definitely and absolutely known whether Justice White will accept the appointment tendered him, and efforts are being made by the President to learn his intentions in the matter.

Mr. McArthur, the assistant secretary, of the American commission, is now in New York making arrangements for the sailing of the commission on the 17th of September, so that very little time intervenes to make a change in the body in the event that Justice White declines the place. It is suggested that Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, is being considered to fill the vacancy that would so result.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The surgeon-general of the army has received a report by mail from Lieut-Col. Henry Lippincott, chief surgeon of the army at Manila, which gives a good account of the troops then at Manila. The report is a month old, so its importance is not very great. It says that the health of the troops on the voyage was excellent and that it has continued so in camp.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 28.—By order of Emperor Nicholas, Count Muravieff, the foreign minister, on the 24th inst, handed to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg a note declaring that the maintainance of peace and the reduction of the excessive armaments now crushing all nations is the ideal for which all governments ought to strive.

The czar considers the present movement favorable for the inauguration of a movement looking to this end, and invites the powers to take part in international conference as a means of thus insuring real and lasting peace and terminating the progressive increase of armament.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The czar's proposition for an international conference for the purpose of securing real and lasting peace among the powers and the termination of the progressive increase in armaments as conveyed in a note from Count Muravieff, the Russian foreign minister, to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg is likely to produce a sensation throughout Europe, and, coming from such a quarter and with such evident sincerity of purpose, it is likely to have important effects.

There is no doubt that with Russia taking the lead in such a step, Germany, France and the other nations will be ready to follow.

ROME, Aug. 29.—The czar's note has made a profound impression here. Some of the newspapers applaud, while others greet the communication with reserve or distrust.

GUAYAMA, Porto Rico, Aug. 29.—Batteries B of Pennsylvania A of Missouri, A of Indiana, A of Illinois, and the Fourth Pennsylvania infantry left Saturday morning for Ponce, where they will embark for home.

Gen. Brooke has not yet received his instructions and credentials as a member of the Porto Rico commission which he will await before proceeding to San Juan. A troop of the Sixth cavalry will escort him overland to San Juan, unless objection is offered by Governor General Macias, in which case he will proceed by sea.

Gen. Haines has been ordered north. He will be relieved of the command of the Second brigade here by Gen. Grant, who arrived yesterday. Gen. Grant will have only the Third Ill. and Fourth Ohio regiments under his command.

There are 323 cases of sickness here, mostly malaria and dysentery. The rain falls in torrents daily.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 29.—Forty-two sick men of the Missouri regiment left Camp Alger yesterday in a hospital train. To-day 100 sick men of the Sixty-fifth New York will be sent home in a hospital train. There was one death at camp yesterday, that of Law Miller, Company I, Eighth Pennsylvania, from pneumonia.

MADRID, Aug. 28.—Negotiations have been opened with Washington to obtain permission for the Spaniards in the Ladrone islands to go to Manila, as the situation in the Ladrones is extremely critical.

THE LARGEST ON RECORD.

American Tobacco Company's Advertising Goes to Newspapers.

G. H. Haulenbeek Adv. Agency Puts This Publication in the List.

The American Tobacco Co. believes in advertising.

The American Tobacco Co. believes in newpaper advertising.

The American Tobacco Co. is a vast commercial concern, and its recent appropriation of $750,000 to be spent in newspapers in the advertising of one of its brands—"Battle Ax" Plug Tobacco—is worthy of more than passing comment.

To expend this amount of money judiciously is a problem. This will be obvious to any advertiser. Its solution is therefore instructive to every merchant and producer who has need of publicity for his business welfare.

This, then, was the determination finally reached. The detail necessary to the handling of this volume of business demanded the experience and equipment of an Advertising Agency of the first class.

The G. H. Haulenbeek Advertising Agency of New York City was therefore selected, and estimates were prepared to cover the entire country for such mediums as were thought to be desirable to bring quick and sure returns.

In this connection it is certainly pardonable for us to call attention to the fact that the REPUBLICAN was included in the list.

There is a point to be made just here, and it is that if the "foreign" advertiser, having practically unlimited means and exercising a judgment born of years of experience, decides upon a given medium it is because of the excellence of that particular medium, for the field that it covers.

Local advertisers will do well to reflect on this point. It is pregnant with meaning to every one of them.

The mode of presentation was the question to be settled after the means of presentation had been decided and here again the smaller merchant will find a "tip".

There was no nibbling at the proposition. With broad-gauge business views, backed with splendid business courage, the first "copy" called for an entire page. This served to rivet attention, and the contract then requires that the lesson shall be driven home every other day by convincing arguments occupying sixteen inches of space, splendidly illustrated and displayed.

In conception and execution this business is unique.

The American Tobacco Co., has taken the dull season, which was made duller by the timid who feared the war as a factor in business, and it has given a colossal order as an indication that if times are dull, the thing to do is to make them brighter and the right way to make them brighter is through judicious advertising.

Newspaper advertising is the best way to make good times and if you have anything really good to offer, and the way to use newspapers advertising is with generous space and proper display.

It was P. T. Barnum who said: "If you only have $10 in capitol to begin your business, and want to make money, be sure to spend $5 in advertising in the newspapers."

A feature of this stupendous "order" has been the perfection of its manipulation due to the arrangements made by the G.H.Haulenbeek Agency.

COURT PROCLAMATION—SPECIAL TERM. Whereas the Hon. John G. Love, president judge of the court of common pleas of the 49th district, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 12th day of August, 1898 and to me directed, for holding a special term of court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, Orphans Court and Quarter Session of the Peace, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre and to commence on the Fourth Monday of September next, being the 26th day of September, 1898, notice is hereby given that all persons summoned as jurors are hereby notified to attend.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte the 13th day of August in the year of our Lord, 1898, and the one hundred and twenty-second year of the independence of the United States.

Sheriff's Office, August 13th, 1898. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Kline, late of the borough of Bellefonte, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN I. OLEWINE, Administrator, Bellefonte, Pa.

31-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of John Reese, late of Spring twp., having been granted to the undersigned he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN S. WALKER, Administrator, Bellefonte Pa.

25'6t

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich, Hale & Co. The following quotations are taken at noon, on Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat, new	65c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	65c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	60c	Buckwheat	50c
Corn, shelled	40c	Cloverseed	
Corn, ears	40c	Crimson Clover Seed	$2.00
Oats, old	30c		
Oats, new	25		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Seehler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	07c	Potatoes	40
Country Shoulders	06c	Onions	50
Country Sides	08c	PER DOZEN	
Country Hams	09	Eggs	10c
Tallow	03c		
Butter	18c		

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

A New York Broker Gives an Expert Opinion.

HENRY CLEWS ON THE SITUATION.

Probable Effect of the War on Stocks and Business Generally—The Trend of Public Sentiment Towards the Retention of the Whole Groupe of Philippine Islands

ALL KINDS OF STOCKS ADVANCED.

NEW YORK: August 27, 1898.—The advance in stocks has reached a point where purchases will have to be made with greater discrimination than a few weeks ago. Some stocks have had unusual advances, and buyers were justified in taking some profits, no matter how promising the future appeared. This week there has been considerable realizing by both insiders and the shrewder class of operators. Strong manipulation carried some of the specialties upwards probably too fast for stability and certain specialties may soon develop a setback; besides a halt when it comes in the upward movement of the best dividend payers will naturally deprive the market of strong support. There was also a feeling that the making of peace with Spain has been about discounted; and that it is now prudent to await crop results and a further improvement in business before booming the market much more. A few operators professed fears of higher money rates. Not any of these factors, however, were of much consequence. Prices have advanced to such high figures that a moderate reaction, admitting fresh buying interests and leveling the "pyramid" accounts, would strengthen rather than weaken the market. Under present favorable conditions no violent reaction can be expected. Money rates may harden somewhat when crop and Fall trade demands assert themselves, but any decided rise in interest rates will rapidly bring gold from Europe and renewed ease in money. The most influential factor in the stock market for some time to come will be the radical change in public sentiment from doubt to confidence, which has received powerful stimulus from the war. The new feeling of national self-confidence has exerted an unseen but none the less real effect upon individuals; our leaders have suddenly become optimists; old doubts have been cast aside, and new hopes are reviving enterprise and industry. The effect of this state of affairs is bound to assert itself very effectively on the Stock Exchange. At the moment prices may show some hesitancy in the forward movement, but this can only be temporary. Increased earnings and increased dividends cannot be ignored, and in due season prices will show a still higher level, especially in the lower grade properties. Among the changes he should like our customers to particularly bear in mind is this. The opening of Congress is usually looked forward to with dread and as a time for sell-stocks, but this year is likely to prove a notable exception. The old disturbing issues are dead and cannot be revived, for the more important issues resulting from the war must have first attention. It is practically certain also that a new sound currency measure will pass next winter; so that for once in our history the assembling of Congress is likely to be more of a bull than a bear argument.

The war has left on our hands some serious problems, which from this time forward must largely occupy public attention. It is difficult to define the changes with exactness until after the completion of the labors of the Peace Commission. The point, however, on which there is most certainty is that Porto Rico will become a permanent part of the dominions of the United States. The disposal to be finally made of Cuba cannot at present be foreseen but the first step may be expected to be provisional,—placing the inhabitants in a state of probation with a view to ascertaining their capacity for peaceful self-government, and this tutelage being conducted under the auspices and protection of the United States. Should that experiment result satisfactorily, our Government would doubtless be disposed to respect the terms of our Declaration of War by giving Cuba independence under a United States protectorate.

By far the most difficult question, however, is the disposition to be made of the Philippine Islands, in respect to which nothing is definitely stipulated. Legal opinion appears to incline to the view that the recent victories of General Merritt will not change the terms specified in the Peace Protocol.

However this may be, it rests in our power to make whatever disposal of the Islands we may please; for should the Spanish Commissoners refuse to accept our demands, the peace conference would be a failure, hostilities would be resumed and our arms would accomplish what Spain had refused to grant on the pretense that we had conquered only a small part of the territory. At present, the President appears to be still waiting for full evidence of the sentiment of the American people on this question of annexation. Probably his personal disposition disinclines him to appropriate the whole group of islands, but at the same time he may be expected to follow the course to which the majority of public opinion points.

Private wishes and opinions apart, there seems to be no doubt, from the open symptoms of public opinion, that while many men of sober and conservative judgement are opposed to anything beyond some small acquisitions for strategic purposes, yet a considerable majority of the people at large are entertaining a positive feeling in favor of annexing the entire archepelago. It seems quite probable, therefore, that this may be finally our demand in the Paris Conference.

These prospective events are destined to arouse a deep interest in the public mind for the next few months, holding all ordinary issues in subordination and possibly producing some important changes in party policies. It is to be hoped that the occupation of the public mind with questions that appeal to fundamental principles of government and to our highest national ambitions, may have an elevating effect upon the spirit of national politics and lead to higher conceptions of our country's destiny and to loftier ideas of the duties and responsibilities of statesmanship.

In the introductions of these new elements into the national spirit and life, however, I see nothing that is calculated to create any distrusts or to retard the currents of trade or to place any check upon the great national revival that has set in through every department ofbusiness. Indeed, the direct tendency of these new elements is to stimulate national activity and confidence. Hitherto, the nation has been in a measure restrained by a sort of self distrust arising from the fact that its strength has not been fairly measured by foreign forces. The four months of hostilities with a European power, has revealed a resource which ranks us with the most potent powers and shows that we have nothing to fear as to our ability to protect our interests against whatever comes. This establishes a new basis of national confidence, affords a new guarranty of our national credit and adds to the value of all our forms of public securities. This view has not yet had its full effect in the financial markets; its complete result is likely to come through an increased foreign demand for our investments.

Sunbury Man Dies.

At Sunbury Tuesday Reuben B. Fulkrod was sawing wood near the P. R. R. shops. The saw was run by a small boiler and engine. As Mr. Fulkrod opened the door to attend to the fire the machine exploded. Mr. Fulkrod was struck by the boiling water and steam and blown over a slab pile into an adjoining lot, about 100 feet from where the boiler stood. He was frightfully scalded and injured. He died yesterday. He was 40 years old and is survived by his wife and three children. The boiler when it blew up was carried over into an adjoining lot and wrecked a chicken coop.

Close of August Court.

The following cases were disposed of at the Wednesday session of Court last week.

In the case of John L. Potter indicted for malicious mischief, the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty" and directed the county to pay the costs.

The traverse jurors were discharged at 10 a. m., after which the Court called over the entire list of cases in the court of quarter sessions and made the following disposition of the same.

Com. vs. J. K. Boney and Jane Troutman, indicted for assault an adultery. Bill ignored and prosecutor pay the costs.

Com. vs. Wm. Lukenbach, indicted for f. and b. case continued.

Com. vs. Harvey Miller, Nolle pros. entered.

Com. vs. Wm. Strong, indicted for assault and battery. Case settled.

Com. vs. M. B. Garman, indicted for fast driving and assault and battery. Case settled.

Com. vs. Mary Bean indicted for violating liquor laws. Nolle Pros. entered.

Com. vs. Samuel Rossman, charged with "surety of the peace. Nolle Pros. entered.

Com. vs. Jonas Emel, assault and battery. Case settled.

Com. vs. F. A. Carson and Charles Sweetwood, indicted for malicious mischief. Defendants declared not guilty, and costs equally divided between prosecutor and defendants.

Com. vs. Pat Gorman. Defendant indicted for obstructing the highways in Rush township. Nolle Pros. entered.

Com. vs. Sadie Rossman, indicted for keeping a disorderly house. Bill ignored and county directed to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Benjamin Bradely, Jr. f. and b, Defendant not found. Bench warrant awarded.

Com. vs. Charles Spigelmyer Case settled.

Com. vs. Jared Kreamer and Lewis Gettig. Indicted for maiutaining a nuisance. Case setdled.

Com. vs. W. L. Goodhart. Embezzlement. Case settled.

Com. vs. Dr. A. W. Hafer. Case continued.

CAN THIS BE TRUE.

The Story as Related by an Acquaintance of Paul Koitsch.

Friday's Lock Haven Democrat says: The many inquiries which have been in circulation recently concerning the story about Paul Koitsch admitting that he had killed Edna Krider led to questions being asked about the matter. It transpires that an acquaintance of Koitsch unburdoned himself of the secret to a certain gentlemen in this city. The acquaintance, whom we will designate as Mr. X, voluntarily and without any solicitation, informed the gentleman, that shortly after the murder had been committed, that Koitsch himself told him that Koitsch and another man had planned between them to commit the hellish deed on the person of little Edna. For this purpose Paul and his companion enticed Edna to the bushes at a point opposite to the spot where her dead body was found. The child began crying whereupon Koitsch choked her to silence her screams. The screams proved too much for his companion, and he left the scene. Koitsch held the child until she was either dead or unconscious, and then carried the body to a spot where it was found. He then mutilated the body with his knife.

When Koitsch had finished his tale Mr. X asked him how he could be so cruel as to choke the child. Koitsch replied that he had no compunctions whatever; that he had thrown a man with whom he had an altercation on a vessel, into the sea, and that he had never experienced any remorse for the act.

As already stated Mr. X told this tale to the Lock Haven gentleman without the latter having any intimation of what was coming.

Why X did not make known his testimony at the trial cannot be fathomed. Satisfactory proof, however, can be furnished that he made the statement to the Lock Haven gentleman; the truthfulness of the statement depends upon the veracity of the person giving it.

How's This?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

J. F. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known J. F. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax Wholesale druggist, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin Wholesale druggists, Toledo O.

Hall's catarrh cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c.

Hall',Family Pills are the best.

—Minnie—What frauds these beggars are. I met a "blind" man who said, "Give me a penny, beautiful lady!" Mamie—Yes,he said that to make you think he really was blind.

Denouncing Chickamauga.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—Two hundred sick soldiers of the Eighth Massachusetts and First New Hampshire regiments from Camp Thomas, Ga., arrived here yesterday. They were met by a detail of surgeons and ambulances from the different hospitals and those who were seriously ill were transported to the various institutions in this city.

The officers and men were loath to talk of their experience in the southern camps. Chaplain Esterbrook, however, said that the condition of the men was due principally to inaction and the very unhealthy section in which they were quartered. "I don't believe there is any section in the United States more dangerous for the health of human beings than Chickamauga Park," he said. The men had nothing to occupy themselves with and lay around seeing their friends die. They seemed to be fascinated with the idea of fever and soon were taken with it themselves. Something else to occupy their minds besides sickness and death would have kept many of them from being sick.

Chaplain Esterbrook said that the food furnished by the quartermaster sergeant was very good, but it depended on the cooks whether it was good when it reached the men. Sometimes it was left in the sun and spoiled. One of the officers who asked that his name be not used said that the food was not good, but he would not have cared much about that if the hospital service had been what it should. There was a deplorable lack of surgeons. "The hospital arrangements were damnable," he said.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A Long Bicycle Ride.

At noon on Tuesday Charles Reese and Abbe M. Underwood, two sun burned, dust begrimed wheelmen, arrived at the home of county commissioner Daniel Heckman, west of Bellefonte. They had ridden all the way from Decatur, Ill., and were wonderfully glad to tumble into Buffalo Run and get themselves cleaned up for the ten days' rest they will take in this country before returning home.

They left Decatur on the 10th of July and, excepting five days stops in various cities along the road, were riding all the time. The distance is about 750 miles and though they averaged only about twenty miles a day while riding they could have come much faster, but preferred to take it slow and enjoy the sights along the road.

Both are young farmers in Illinois. Mr. Reese was born in Benner township, this county, and went West about twelve years ago. They will return on their wheels, going by way of Niagara Falls. Their entire journey was made without a puncture or break of any sort.—Watchman.

Sickness on the Increase.

PONCE, Porto Rico, August 26.—The United States transport Obdam, from Charleston, arrived here yesterday morning, bringing Mrs. Miles and her daughter and the wife of Colonel Rice. Colonel Rice contemplates an immediate return to the United States. It has been decided to send the Fourth Pennsylvania, the Third Wisconsin and the Third Illinois volunteers home without delay. Sickness among the troops is on the increase. There are 600 men now in hospital quarters. General Ernst's brigade yesterday left for San Juan by way of Hauayama.

Of Interest to Lodges.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Scott, of Washington, has rendered a decision in reference to lodge orders. The ruling of the commissioner reads:

"Orders for the payment of money, drawn by the secretary of an order or beneficiary society on its treasury, in favor of a third party, requires a two cent stamp." Hereafter all orders will have to be stamped before they can be filled by the treasurer of an organization.

Are You Registered?

September 6 and 7 are the last days for registering voters in order to qualify them to vote at the next general election. On those two days the assessors will sit at the polling places, when every good citizen ought to see that his name is on the registry list. It is the duty of every man to vote, and to do this with as little trouble as possible to himself as his name ought to be on the registry list. If he is not registered he cannot pay taxes and if he has not paid his taxes he cannot vote. Don't forget it. Register on September 6 or 7, or any date previous to that time.

Does Baby Thrive?

If your baby is delicate and sickly and its food does not nourish it, put fifteen or twenty drops of Scott's Emulsion in its bottle three or four times a day and you will see a marked change.

We have had abundant proof that they will thrive on this emulsion when other food fails to nourish them.

It is the same with larger children that are delicate. Scott's Emulsion seems to be the element lacking in their food. Do not fail to try it if your children do not thrive. It is as useful for them in summer as in winter.

Ask your doctor if this is not true.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

Cows Attack a Woman.

On Wednesday Aug. 24, during the shower of rain Mrs. Wm. Gunsallus, of near Mackeyville, stopped in the farm shed of H. C. Hayes to seek shelter from the storm. While there she was attacked by three vicious cows, thrown down and badly lacerated about the lower limbs and arms by the infuriated animals.

The cows would no doubt have killed the woman had not James Wolfe fortunately heard her screams and come to her rescue.

Mr. Wolfe had quite a battle with the bovines before he was able to drive them away. Had he been but a few minutes later in making his appearance the cows would no doubt have fatally wounded the lady.

Will Build a New Railroad.

A company of capitalists,of which A. W. Lee,of that place is president will build sixteen miles of railroad through the lumber and coal fields of Southern Clearfield county. The road begins at Clearfield bridge, on the Beech creek railroad, four miles southeast of Clearfield, and runs down Clearfield creek sixteen miles to Belsena Mills. P. E. McGovern, of Punxsutawney, has the contract for the construction of the entire road, which will be begun at once and completed as soon as possible. About 200 men will be used to begin with; and more as the work progresses.

A Pointer.

It costs the royal Baking Powder Company something like $500,000 annually for advertising. Someone once suggested, says an exchange, to the company that it discontinue advertising one year, the baking powder was so well known and advertised, and place that amount, $500,000, in the profits. The answer was that it would undoubtedly cost the company three times that amount to get the product in its original channels again. This is a pretty good pointer to those business men who imagine they are making a great saving when they discontinue a $4 or a $5 a month advertisement a few months in a dull season. It never pays to tear out a dam because the water is low.

Water Question to be Settled.

Millheim will hold an election on September 12th, to vote for or against an increase of borough indebtedness of $7000 for the purpose of erecting a water works. That town having only a few wells from which the water supply is obtained, water works will furnish a needed want. It is contemplated to pipe the water from Philips creek, in the narrows, one mile north of town.

—The whole shoe stock of the late Edward L. Powers has been purchased by Herbert Sheffer, Geo. Bush and Agustus Heverly trading as the Powers Shoe Co. They take possession of the store at once and have already ordered a large stock. The new proprietors are all well known active hustling young fellows and no doubt will do a good business especially among those who like to see hustlers prosper. We wish them much success.

—It is said on good authority that the Valentine Iron works will soon be in operation again. The plant will be increased to 150 tons per day and the latest improved machinery will be put in. The iron ore will come from Santiago, Cuba, and the Nittany valley ore will be used as a flux. The Santiago ore with the tariff off can be transported to this place cheaper than the Michigan ore and much cheaper than the Nittany valley ore can be mined.

THE American people will sincerely regret the illness of so many of their naval heroes. Schley, Clark and Evans are on the sick list and many others of less rank, while hundreds of sailors are suffering. They have all been under tremendous strain in an unhealthful climate, and the wonder is that more of them are not ill.

San Francisco, Aug., 25.—The steamship Scandia, sailing for Manila carries $1,000,000 dollars in gold and silver coin for the payment of the United States troops in the Philippines.

Columbus discovered America — but I have discovered BATTLE AX!

There is a satisfied — glad I've got it — expression on the faces of all who discover the rich quality of

BattleAx PLUG

It is an admirable chew fit for an Admiral.

In no other way can you get as large a piece of as good tobacco — for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again.

SWINDLERS AT WORK.

They Attempted to Work a Very Old Game.

WM. WHITMER TO BE THE VICTIM

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Take Advantage of a Prominent and Wealthy Farmer Living Near Bellefonte.

THEY BARKED UP THE WRONG TREE.

Saturdaymorning's Altoona Tribunecontains the following account of an attempt to bunco a prominent Centre county man.

Bellefonte, Pa August, 26.—Information has just been made public of an attempted swindle sought to be perpetrated on William Whitmer, a farmer living some six miles west of here, by two professional bunco steerers. The game was worked yesterday morning. It was just about 10 o'clock when a man genteelly dressed and of about 40 years of age, drove up to Mr. Whitmer's in a Bellefonte livery rig. He introduced himself as S. *M.* McCormick, cashier of the First National Bank of Lock Haven, and told Mr. Whitmer that his sister was desirous of buying a farm in Buffalo run valley, and that he, McCormick, had been sent to Whitmer by W. B. Mingle, of the Penn's valley bank, Centre Hall who told him that Whitmer would be the best judge of farms in that locality. By continued persuasion the stranger induced Whitmer to accompany him and the two started to look at a neighboring farm which is for sale.

They had proceeded but about half a mile when the two were stopped by a rather clerical individual, who asked the road to Houserville and Centre Hall. The second man gave his name as Jeffreys and said he was from West Virginia; that during the war of the rebellion some cursed Yankee had stolen away his sister; that his father had just died and left him 150,000 toadskins and he had come north to find the man who carried off his sister and get satisfaction. The man's reference to "toadskins" was enigmatical to Whitmer and he asked what he meant by that. The stranger, with the reply "I'll show you," pulled from his coat pocket a large package of bank bills. From other pockets he extracted like packages until he displayed six, each one of which was marked $5,000. He declared that he had $60,000 on his person and if he could not find the man he came to look for he was going to invest all his money in Centre county farms and stay here permanently.

Whitmer was given the money to examine, and though not positive that it was good, expressed the belief that it was, and declares there must have been at least $25,000 in the packages he saw.

After an interchange of stories the man with Whitmer asked Jeffreys if he had any "numbers" with him meaning cards. He suggested that perhaps Whitmer would like a little amusement, now that they had all become acquainted. This was progressing a little to fast for the Centre countian. Whitmer has the reputation of being the most economical man in this part of the state, and during his life has succeeded in amassing a fortune variously estimated at $100,000. He is the owner of six fine farms and the sharpers evidently supposed he would be a good one to fleece, as he is possessed of only a limited education. But Whitmer was suspicious from the beginning and when the game of cards was suggested became confident that they were out for a victim.

Luckily, at the opportune moment a neighbor happened along who wanted to see Whitmer at his home, and this furnished an excuse to get away, from the men. The parting, however, was not made until an engagement was arranged to meet in Bellefonte at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Whitmer came to this place at the appointed time and remained around the town all afternoon on the lookout for the two men. He had become thoroughly convinced of their purpose and had officers on the watch also, but the men failed to show up. Had they done so, Whitmer would have gone in with them far enough to induce a revelation of their scheme and got evidence sufficient to justify the arrest of the men and then had them taken into custody. When he was out with the men in the morning Whitmer had no money with him but carried his gold watch.

Officers hereabouts are of the opinion that these are the same two men who have been going around the state for some time playing the bunco card game, and a watch is being kept for the men who if found will be arrested on suspicion and held until authorities in other localities can be communicated with.

DEATH OF EDITH BELLE TATE.

Passed Away at Her Home on North Spring Street of Acute Appendicitis.

On Thursday afternoon at twenty minutes of five Edith Belle Tate, daughter of the late Col. D. K. Tate, passed away at her home on North Spring street of acute appendicitis. She was taken sick just one week previous and everything that medical skill and careful nursing could do was done for her. She gradually grew worse however and it was finally decided that an operation was necessary so Dr. John Klump, of Williamsport, was sent for who assisted by Doctors Klump and Seibring, of this place, performed the operation Wednesday afternoon.

It was to late however to save her life. Several abscesses were discovered in the abdomen and though the operation itself was highly successful her condition was so bad that her recovery was impossible.

The deceased was born in Bellefonte March 26th 1870 and was 28 years 4 months and 29 days old. She was the daughter of D. K. and Theresa Tate. *Her* father who was a successful contractor died several years ago, but her mother is still living.

The following brothers and sisters also survive her. Wilbur F., present residence unknown; Harry A., Roanoke, Va. D. Kirk. of Philepsburg; Benton *D.*, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Roy Temple, of Beverly, Mass. Mrs. George Beezer, of Bellefonte.

—Over in Clearfield county the prisoners in the county jail are taken out to work on the farms of county officials, so they say. What a good old time way they have of treating convicts over there. It reminds us of the happy days Centre county prisoners used to have under good sheriff Ward, away back between 1830 and 1833. In those times the sheriff would leave his prisioners out to come down town to spend the evening and if they wouldn't get back by the hour he set, usually nine o'clock, he would lock them out of jail for the night; and that was considered great punishment for them. —Watchman.

Bad Blood

is a good thing to be rid of, because bad blood is the breeding place of disfiguring and dangerous diseases. Is YOUR blood bad? You can have good blood, which is pure blood, if you want it. You can be rid of pimples, boils, blotches, sores and ulcers. How? By the use of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the radical remedy for all diseases originating in the blood.

"Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me by my physician as a blood purifier. When I began taking it I had boils all over my body. One bottle cured me."—
BONNER CRAFT, Wesson, Miss.

Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

ABANDONED MEN TO DIE!

The Startling Story a Surgeon has to Tell Of Santiago.

NO MEDICINE GIVEN THEM.

The Chief in Command Insulted the Female Nurses and Badgered the Other Physicians—Suicides Among the Men.

DELICACIES GOBBLED UP EN ROUTE.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA., AUG. 27.—A remarkable revelation was published here yesterday over the signature of Dr. Jas. S. Kennedy, first assistant surgeon of the second division hospital, fifth army corps, written near Santiago, August 12. Dr. Kennedy was appointed surgeon last month and went to Santiago on the Olivette. He was assistant surgeon of the regular army seventeen years ago and is well acquainted with the regulations of the service. The second division hospital had thirty-two large hospital tents, all crowded so that there was no room between the cots. Dr. Kennedy says:

"There is an utter lack of suitable medicines to combat disease. There has been much diarrhœa and dysentery and fever, and no medicine at all to counteract them that men have eventually died for the want of them. Four days after my reporting here there was not a single medicine in the entire hospital for the first two diseases and nothing but quinine for the fever." The same lack of medicine existed at the time of writing the letter. As to the Olivette Dr. Kennedy makes this serious charge:

"I came down on the Olivette myself and saw stacks of medicins and remedies, such as the sick and wounded crave, and I also saw a favored few break open boxes of champagne and liquors and eat icecream packed in the cold storage department by the Red Cross people having the Red Cross mark on each package. Not one particle of that lot ever reached a hospital."

Surgeon Kennedy also says regarding the Olivette: "The chief in command went staggering around the decks, insulting the female nurses and badgering the other physicians.', Suicides among the men are described as follows: Yesterday, Aug. 11, a certain regiment left its encampment to go on board ship to go north and ten hours afterwards a private who had been left behind started back to his former encampment to sleep, no private soldiers being allowed in Santiago after dark. On reaching his camp he found ten men abandoned—no medicine, no food, no nurses or physicians—simply abandoned to starvation or suicide. As to the frequent suicides which occur the reports go all right when the facts are not known."

Surgeon Kennedy is now at Montauk Point and has been on the sick list.

MANILA, Aug. 27.—On Wednesday a corporal and two troopers of Battery B of the Utah artillery, after disembarking at Cavite, were sent on an errand. While passing through the Trooper Hudson discharged his revolver. It was all mere fun but the natives in the immediate locality were much alarmed for the time.

The natives immediately began firing. Dismounted cavalry were sent to quell the disturbance, but the natives misunderstood the movement and the firing became general.

Trooper Hudson was killed and Corporal Anderson mortally wounded.

Troopers Laydon, Nachbar, Conoly and Doyle of the Fourth cavalry were wounded.

Four natives were killed and several wounded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26.—Adjt.-Gen. Corbin yesterday made public the second list of the volunteer soldiers who are to be mustered out of the service and sent to their homes with honorable discharges to show that they had been to the front and ready to fight for their country.

In the list is the Fourth Pennsylvania regiment of infantry, whose headquarters were in Philadelphia when they enlisted, and light Batteries A, B and C of Pennsylvania volunteer artillery. The selection of the Fourth regiment is partially due to a desire of the men to return to their homes if there is to be no more fighting, and a request of Mayor Warwick of Philadelphia when he was here on Tuesday. The selection of the Pennsylvania batteries was because the regulars are sufficient to man all the batteries now, and there is no need for volunteer artillerymen.

As soon as Gov. Hastings sends in the list of regiments that he will recommend for mustering out they will be included in the next list. From recent developements it is believed that the Fourteenth, Eighteenth and Thirteenth regiments will be in the list. All the men are said to be anxious to return to their homes now that the war is over, and the government will respect their wishes. There may be other regiments in the list.

The only thing certain about the Pennsylvania regiments is that the Tenth, at Manila, and the Sixteenth, at Porto Rico, are certain to be retained for some months longer.

There is a strong possibility that the Fifteenth, now at Sheridans Point and Fort Washington, will be ordered to Cuba as a part of Gen. Lee's corps. The officers of the regiment are working hard for this assignment. Sheridans Point has given them the experience necessary for garrison duty in Cuba, and they want that detail very bad.

The Post yesterday contains a letter from Sergt. Ludwig of Company C, Fifteenth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, in reply to the Negley letter referred to in these dispatches. The sergeant denies all the allegations of Private Negley, commends the officers and asserts that the men are ready for any duty that the government may call for.

Official orders were issued yesterday to muster out the following:

"Fourth Pennsylvania infantry, Sixth Illinois infantry, Second Wisconsin infantry, three Louisiana light batteries, two Rhode Island light batteries, two Iowa light batteries, two Oregon light batteries, First Wisconsin light battery, two troops of Kentucky cavalry, Light Battery A of Missouri light artillery, Twenty-seventh light battery of Indiana artillery, and light Batteries A, B and C of Pennsylvania light batteries. Where the troops mustered out are not specially designated, they include all of that arm of the service from the states named."

THOROUGHFARE, Va., Aug. 26.—The greatest delight is evinced by the Sixth Pennsylvania regiment over the official announcement that they are to be mustered out. The other regiments at Thoroughfare are fully as anxious for their service to end, and petitions are in circulation everywhere.

MADRID, Aug. 25.—The minister for war, Lieut.-Gen. Correa when asked what instructions had been given Gen. Blanco in regard to opposing the insurgents in Cuba, replied that he had ordered the captains-general of Cuba and the Philippines to act in accord with the Americans; but if the Americans should prove unable to make the insurgents respect the armistice, then the instructions were to repel by arms and attack upon the Spaniards.

The queen regent has signed the royal decree convoking the cortes for September 5.

The government has received a dispatch from Gen. Rios, governor of the Visayas islands, and the successor of Gen. Jaudenes in the governor-generalship of the Philippines, saying that there has been bloody fighting between the Spaniards and the insurgents, with an estimated loss to the later of 500 men. The Spanish losses were "unimportant."

The dispatch says that a number of the insurgent chiefs were captured and shot. A sergeant of gendarmes, who attempted to incite a rising against the authorities barely escaped lynching at the hands of the populace. He was turned over to the courts and shot.

Gen. Rios adds that he has organized six battalions of natives and Spaniards for the purpose of resisting a threatened invasion of insurgents from the island of Luzon, and also a small squadron to watch the coasts and rivers of Mandanas islands and the Visayas. The government is highly satisfied with the service of Gen. Rios.

CORUNNA, Spain, Aug. 25.—The Spanish steamer Alicante, with the first of Spain's repatriated soldiers who arrived from Santiago de Cuba, reached here yesterday. Enormous crowds gathered on the quays' but were not allowed to get near the vessels for fear of the yellow fever contagion.

All the military and civil authorities were present.

Some of the sick will be taken to the Osa Lazaretto, where they will be quarantined. Others will be kept five days in hospital ships before they are dispatched to their homes. Those who are in good health will be promptly disembarked.

The queen regent sent a message to the troops on board the Alicante, congratulating them upon their conduct in the field, and saying that she proposed to be the first to welcome them home. The reading of the dispatch was received with great enthusiasm.

The disembarkation is now in progress. There was no yellow fever on board, though sixty died of other diseases during the voyage.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—According to a dispatch from Madrid to a local news agency, there has been serious fighting between the Spaniards and the insurgents in Cuba, in which the insurgents lost 500 killed and wounded.

The report cannot be confirmed from other sources.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—The military anthorities here have received instructions from Adjt.-Gen. Corbin countermanding previous orders to send a large body of soldiers to Honolulu. No more troops will leave here until further notice.

—Chas. H. Meyer, formerly post master of Centre Hall, is located at Millersburg, Pa., where he is connected with the Hotel Freck, the leading house in that place.

—The Centre Hall school board has purchased a new heating and ventilating plant for the school building in that place. It is to be installed before the fall term opens.

—There is a fight on between the government and the express companies. The express agent at Huntingdon on Wednesday refused to stamp a package at the company's expense and was arrested by Commissioner Bryan. It may be a test case.

—Charles Miner, of Roise, N. Y., will build a fruit evaporating establishment at Centre Hall soon. Enough kilns will be put up at first to evaporate 15,000 bushels of apples annually, It will employ about twenty-five men.

—William V. Hughes, formerly of this place, made a record breaker for building at Middletown a few days ago. He was given the contract for building the commissary building for the new military camp at that place on August 12. He began the work the following Sunday and had it completed in seventy two hours. The building is 50x300 ft., and 250,000 ft. of lumber was used in its construction.

The Bellefonte Republican

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Rev. Dr. Swallow, the Prohibition candidate for Governor, will deliver an address at Hecla Park Thursday, September 8th.

If you have been sick you will find Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine you can take to give you appetite and strength.

—Assistant Postmaster Thos. Howley is feeling very proud over the arrival of a 11½ pound girl baby at his home Saturday noon. Accept our congratulations.

—No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhœa, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

—In a recent test of speed at Gibraltar the British channel squadron succeeded in putting in 8,000 tons of coal and getting ready for sea in 48 hours.

—Mrs. Nancy Barger, familiarly known as Grandma Barger of Curtin, aged 106 years, while out in the yard at her residence Monday afternoon, fell dislocating her hip. On account of her extreme old age the accident is considered serious.

—Do not think that because a woman is brown and freckled that she has had a long season at the seashore. She may have acquired these adjuncts in her own back yard or on her bicycle.

—In Northampton county the Quay and Wanamaker factions of the Republican party are trying to agree on a candidate for State senator who will be acceptable to both factions.

—Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

—The Centre county Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold their annual meeting at Philipsburg September, 6 and 7. Mrs. Clara Hoffman of Missouri recording secretary of the national W.C.T.U will lecture on Tuesday evening and be present during the entire convention.

—The young society ladies of the town held a military dance in the armory last Thursday evening. All the decorations were in flags. Soldiers attended in their full dress uniform. Chappels orchestra from Williamsport furnished the music.

—Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

—Mrs. R. G. H. Hayes gave a pleasant little card party Thursday evening to entertain Miss Blanche Hayes' friends and Mrs. John M. Dale's friends, Mrs. Knowles and daughter, of Richmond, Va. Miss Margery Knowles and Mr. George T. Bush carried off the prizes.

—The members of the M. E. church of Coleville will hold a festival on the chapel lawn next Saturday evening, Sept. 3. Ice cream, cake and other refreshments will be served. The proceeds are to go for the benefit of the church. Everybody, both old and young, are invited to attend and by their patronage help a good cause along.

—"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."

If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

—W. F. Cohick, of McElhattan, Clinton county, was admitted to the Centre county bar Wednesday he having successfully passed the required examination. Charles M. McClure, of this place passed the examination and was registered as a student at law.

—The Centre county friends of Mr. and Mrs. Will C. Hoffer, of Lincoln, Kansas, will sympathize with them in the bereavement that has taken their boy baby from them. The infant was just twelve days old and died on August 9th. Had it lived the name of George Edward Hoffer would have been given it.

—At a meeting of the school board held Monday night Miss Isabella Taylor was appointed a teacher in the public school to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of Mrs. Boyd A. Musser nee McBride. Miss Taylor does not teach the same school Mrs. Musser did but takes one in the primary department.

Wherever the American flag has been raised it must never be hauled down.

CURTIS DEHAAS DEAD.

A Prominent Centre county Gentleman of the Revolutionary Stock.

After suffering with a stroke of paralysis for the past three years, Curtis DeHaas died at his residence in Howard Centre Co., Pa. on Monday August 29th 1898 at 2 p. m. and was buried on Wednesday August, 31st. Services was conducted by the Rev. E. E. Manley assisted by Rev. A. P. Wharton and J. R. Sechrist. Interment in the Howard cemetery.

CURTIS DEHAAS.

Mr. DeHaas comes of revolutionary stock, his great grandfather being Gen. John Philip DeHaas, who was an officer in the French and Indian war and took part in removing the inhabitants of Arcadia from their homes and country, by command of the English government, he being major under Col. Bouquet in 1764, and for his services in that war was given by the British government a tract of land on Bald Eagle creek, near Beech creek, containing 800 acres. The lands adjoining his was given to several of his brother officers, which Major DeHaas purchased extending his land from one mile east of Beech creek to within one mile of Howard westward.

When Independence was declared Major DeHaas was living in Philadelphia and was appointed colonel and commanded the First batalion of the continental line. He was afterwards promoted to a brigadier generalship in the American army. Being very wealthy he furnished supplies to Washington's army at Valley Forge, for which he never received any pay directly. The government did, however, confirm his title to the lands along the Bald Eagle creek and donated him lands in Washington and other countries of this commonwealth. He died in Philadelphia June 3 1786.

John Philip DeHaas, the son of General John Philip DeHaas, and the grandfather of Curtis DeHaas, the subject of this sketch, moved from Philadelphia to Beech creek in 1806, driving all the way in a carriage and took possession of his father's land. Upon his demise he left three sons John P., Edward and William, the latter of whom was the father of Curtis DeHaas.

Curtis DeHaas is now aged 77 years. During the war of the rebellion he belonged to company D. 49th regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. He was engaged in the terrible battle through the Wilderness and before Petersburg, Va., and at the battle of Sailors Creek Va. on April 6, '65 he had his arm shot off at the shoulder joint which put an end to his military career. He has raised a family which have grown up and are doing well, his son Jacob DeHaas is the proprietor of the popular Syracuse house at Howard.

As a good citizen Curtis DeHaas was highly respected by his neighbors and acquaintances who regret that his life has drawn to a close. The decendants of General DeHaas are all residing in the counties of Central Pennsylvania and are highly respected citizens.

Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses have been issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumberger:

Frederick Brighton and Maggie Davis both of Philipsburg Pa.

Curtis R. Snook and Carrie M. Keen, both of Mingoville, Centre county, Pa.

Zenas E. Hoover, of Julian, and Almeda Hoover of Fleming.

—On Wednesday Aug. 24 John Wetzel's barn in Spring township was struck by lightning and the cupola badly damaged.

DEATH OF CHARLES GARIS.

The Color Sergeant of the 5th. Regiment Has Passed Away.

"God's finger touched him,
And he slept."—Tennyson.

Sunday afternoon the sad intelligence reached Bellefonte of the second death out of Company B. This time the one to answer the final roll call was Charles H. Garis, color sergeant of the 5th. Regiment, Pennsylvania, Volunteers, whose home is at Pleasant Gap, Centre county. He passed away Sunday morning at nine o'clock in the Division hospital at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga, Ga.

Several weeks ago he was taken ill with typhoid fever and his life was despaired of but word was sent to his wife who at once hastened to his bedside and by her cheerful presence and careful nursing he was fast regaining his health. A day or two ago he suffered a relapse and was taken with a severe attack of dysentery, and gradually sank away until death came to end his sufferings at the above stated time.

Charles H. Garis was born in Loganton, Clinton county, May 14th 1868 and was 30 years 3 months 14 days of age. He was what may be termed a self made man. Born of poor parents he managed by hard work to secure a good education. He learned the stone mason's trade and moved to Centre county where on March 27th 1890 he married Sarah Emma, daughter of Wm Miller of Axe Mann. He is survived by his wife and three interesting children. Their names are William, Louise and James.

Charles Garis had a liking for military life and was a good soldier in every sense of the word. He enlisted in Co. B, 5th Regiment, N. G. P., in July 1889 under Captain Amos Mullen and that officer speaks in the highest terms of him. He served during the strikes at Homestead and Punxsutawney and where duty called him there he could be found everytime.

About a year ago he stood the examination for mail carrier at this place passing with the highest average of any who have applied at this office and was appointed substitute mail carrier.

The remains arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday morning on the 9:32 train and were taken to his home at Pleasant Gap. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the Lutheran church. Interment in the Lutheran cemetery at that place. Full account of the funeral in next weeks paper.

COMPANY B'S SICK.

L. A. Walker of Rebersburg Was the Only one to Arrive.

Over five hundred people were at the Pennsylvania station Monday evening to welcome home the sick from Company B and although the train was an hour and a half late yet they waited patiently until its arrival.

The following committee of citizens from this place went to Tyrone to meet the hospital train, Messrs. Amos Mullen, Dr. R. G. H. Hayes, W. Harrison Walker Esq., Grant Hoover and W. H. Miller. When the hospital train arrived at Tyrone it was found that only one of Co B's men was on board, L. A. Walker, of Rebersburg. He suffered from a severe attack of malaria fever but is convalescing. It was found when they reached Altoona that D. O. Hazel, of Axe Mann, and John Brown of Milesburg, were in such a weak condition that it would be better to take them to the Altoona hospital where they will receive the best of treatment.

Walker was brought to Bellefonte and taken to the Bush house where he stayed over night. Tuesday morning he was taken to his home in Rebersburg.

—Percy and Will Lloyd, of Philipsburg the former a member of Co., B and the latter of Co. L, 5th, Reg., both returned from Chickamauga on Monday, in a very sick condition. Will was so ill with typhoid and malaria that it was necessary to carry him on a cot.

—The new creamery is in splendid running order now and every morning farmers from all the surrounding country can be seen delivering milk there.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Clarence Hamilton, of New York city, is visiting his father in this place.

James Furst, son of Hon. A. O. Furst is visiting friends at Howard.

Rev. D. M. Wolf, of Spring Mills, was an arrival in town Monday morning.

Ex Sheriff John P. Condo, of Millheim, transacted business in town Monday.

Thomas Morris, of Tyrone. transacted business in Bellefonte, Monday.

C. C. Bell, of Huntingdon, transacted business in town, Monday.

T. Clayton Brown, of Philadelphia, is visiting friends in this place.

Mr. Philip King and wife of Williamsport, are visitors in our town this week

Paul Sheffer made a business trip to Philadelphia Wednesday morning.

Hammond Sechler, wife and daughter, Miss Anna, spent last week at Atlantic City.

Miss Bessie Keifer, of Sunbury, is visiting her friend Miss Ann Burns, of this place.

Mrs. G. W. Minsker and daughter arrived home last week from a visit to friends at Spring Mills.

Mrs. James E. Scott, of this place, departed Friday afternoon for Centre Hall, where she will visit friends.

Will Magee, who has been spending the past month in Bellefonte, left for his home in Philadelphia Tuesday.

Mrs. O. A. Huber, of Lock Haven, attended the funeral of her cousin. Edith Belle Tate, in this place Saturday.

Thomas A Shoemaker, of Kittanning Point, spent Sunday with his family in this place.

Miss Mary Bradley after a very pleasant visit at her home in this place, departed Monday morning for Stroudsbury.

Miss Julia McDermont of this place spent Sunday at Lock Haven, as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harris.

Mrs Tillie Shearer and son Allen, of this place, are guests at the home of W. E. German and family of Williamsport,

Mrs. A. O. Furst, of this place, left Monday for Milton, where she spent Tuesday with her father, Wm. Chamberlain.

Edna and Wilmer Wilson, of this place, arrived home Monday morning after a very pleasant visit with friends in Boalsburg.

Miss Charlotte McClintick, of Lewistown, Pa., spent a few days last week with her friend Miss Margaret Teats, of this place.

Mrs. C. H. Moore, of this place, left for Philadelphia and New York Thursday to take in the different dress making openings.

Supt. Frank Williams, of the Edison Electric Light Co., took in the great naval parade in New York harbor last week.

Lee B, Woodcock, a student at one of the medical colleges in Philadelphia, is in Bellefonte greeting his many friends and acquaintances.

Misses Jennie Wagner and Bessie Pletcher left today on a ten days' visit to Howard and Bellefonte.—Friday's Lock Haven Democrat.

Amos Cole, of this place, left Thursday for Greensburg, Pa., where he has secured a good position in the machine shops at that place.

John Tonner Harris, of this place, left Friday evening for Buffalo. New York, where he has accepted a position in a large electrical establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. James Noonan have returned home from Tioga county, where they were called to attend the funeral of Mrs. Noonan's mother.

Wm. T. McEntire, of Jersey Shore, is shaking hands with his many friends in this place. He prepared for college at the Academy last year and this year will enter Princeton university.

Mrs. Rebecca Pugh and sister, Miss Clara Valentine, returned Saturday, from a very pleasant trip to Atlantic City, where she visited their brother, A. S. Valentine, a former resident of this place.

Dr. Pickel, wife and family, departed Monday morning for their home at Millerville, Mrs. Pickel and family have been spending the summer at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Twitmire in this place.

Mr. Walter Lembky, of Washington, D. C., an old Bellefonte boy, tarried in Bellefonte one night last week. Walter, accompanied by a friend, is making a wheeling tour through central Pennsylvania,

H Y. Stitzer, of this place, left Thursday morning for Mifflinburg to attend the funeral of his neice, Miss Margaret Stitzer, who died of typhoid fever. She is the second to die out of eighty cases now raging in that little town.

Sergeant John W. Lose, of Company B, arrived home on the 1:05 train Friday afternoon from Lexington, Ky. His wife who was injured in a runaway accident at Centre Hall is much improved.

Paul Cessna Gearhart left Bellefonte Saturday for Sherman, Texas, where he has accepted a position as instructor on the mandolin, banjo and guitar at a ladies college in that city. Rev. Gearhart and family moved to Newberg this week, so that Paul will no longer look upon Bellefonte as his home.

Mrs. M. A. Trafford, who has been visiting at the home of of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Singer, of this place, returned to her home in Tyrone Tuesday.

Mrs John Shields, after a very pleasant visit at the home of James Schofield in this place, returned Wednesday to her home in Williamsport.

NEWS FROM THE FIFTH.

The Pennsylvania Praised by Brigadier General Wiley.

The following is taken from a special to the Pittsburg Times from Camp Hamilton, near Lexington, Ky., under date of August 29:

The Fifth Pennsylvania regiment got down to routine today. Drill hours have been cut from five to two hours per day, one in the morning and one in the afternoon. This evening the regiment was paraded. General John A. Wiley was present and remarked upon the improvement. The Fifth is about the best regiment here, The regiment received today instruments for a band of twenty four. The drum corps will also be retained.

Chief Musician H. C. Potter is the regimental postmaster and opened the post-office today. J. Murray Pierce, of company F, is mail orderly.

Lieutenant Samuel H. Hughes, company F, left tonight for Indiana, Pa. He contracted malaria on the rifle range along Chickamauga creek. Lieutenant Charles F. Taylor, company B, will leave tomorrow for Bellefonte to spend ten days. Major McNamara, Third battalion, was entertained at dinner today by the Lexington Union club.

C. E. County Convention.

The sixth annual convention of the Centre county Christian Endeavor Union will be held in the Presbyterian church at Lemont on Wed. and Thurs., Sept., 7, 8. The first session will be held Wednesday evening, commencing at 7:30 o'clock. The reception of delegates will take place at the close of the Wednesday evening session which always proves a delightful event.

The committee of arrangements is exerting its best efforts to make the convention a grand success. Quite a number of interesting addresses will be delivered by speakers of ability from different sections of the state and the convention gives promise of being one of more than usual interest. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody.

A Former Bellefonter's Accident.

The many friends of Merchant Tailor Charles H. Levan, of Altoona who at one time was proprietor of the large tailoring establishment in this place occupying the rooms in the Crider building, now occupied by the cigar and tobacco store of John McGinley, will be sorry to hear of his misfortune Monday night in falling and breaking his right wrist when in front of his establishment in the Masonic temple. A couple of young toughs were on the outside disfiguring his display window and he went out to disperse them when he fell with the above mentioned result. A physician gave him the necessary attention.

Interesting To Women.

We want an active woman in every town to introduce the Celebrated "Hygeia" Safety Belt and Catamenial Bandage Supporter combined. This is a new and convenient device and pronounced by over 10,000 Physicians the greatest invention of the age and most moderate in price. Will last a life time, made of Best Quality French Sateen and gold plate trimmings, and retail price only 50 cents. In order to quickly introduce them here, we will send agents terms and complete sample and outfit free on receipt of 13 cents to pay postage. Address, Nichols Manufacturing Co., 378 Canal Street, New York

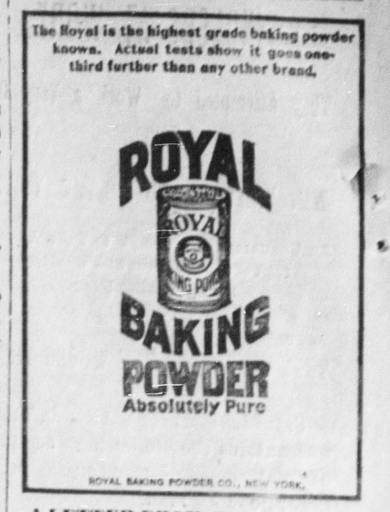
Boys Will Never Learn.

On Monday night about 10:35 Harry Hall aged 14, of Julian, boarded a freight train on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad at about one mile west of that place. In doing so he fell underneath the wheels. His right leg was severed between the knee and the ankle and his left foot was crushed. He died at 5 o'clock on Tuesday morning. He was a twin brother.

—Mr. S. H. Williams, who decorated the side walls of the Court house, made an excellent job of it, and was commended by the Grand jury. The material put on the wall is Lincrusti Walton, which it is said will last a life time, and can be painted any color. It costs with its ornaments when put on the wall, 50 cents a yard.

—The engine attached to the 9:00 a. m. passenger train over the Lewisburg road, broke down Thursday at Pardee. An extra engine was sent over and the result was the train did not reach here until 12:45.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



A LETTER FROM PORTO RICO.

What the Soldier Boys are Doing in That Land of Perpetual Summer.

GUAYAMA, PORTO RICO,
AUGUST 19, 1898,
GEN. BROOKE'S HEADQUARTERS.

It has been nearly two weeks since I last wrote to you. Since then we have marched nearly seventy-five miles to Arroya, then back to Guayama.

On Saturday, August 13, we were called at 3 o'clock in the morning and a march was begun toward San Juan. The enemy was stationed at different intervals in the mountain, and, in order to proceed on our journey, it was necessary to chase or capture them. At any rate we advanced within three hundred yards of them. We had our cannons and gattling guns ready loaded and waiting for the command "Fire." When Gen. Brooke received a cablegram saying "Suspend all hostilities" and later on we heard that peace had been declared.

I can truthfully say the boys were thoroughly disgusted just when they were going to have such an excellent opportunity to have revenge for the "Maine" disaster, and them to receive word of that character. They are now all ready to go back to America, as they say they cannot do any good for their country over here now, but still it is no telling how long we will be detained on this island as it may be months before we see our own native land again.

As I sit here writing the band is coming down the street playing a very solemn piece of music, and as I look out I see that just another of the boys has passed beyond to answer to his name at the roll call above, and that they are on their way to the cemetery to bury him. It is a common occurrence to see four and five of these processions in a day.

Well as news is scarce over here and nothing of very much importance happening, I will come to a close, hoping you are all as well as I am. I remain

Yours respectfully,
ROGER T. BAYARD.

Death of Clevan Dinges.

The sad intelligence reached here Tuesday of the death of Clevan Dinges which occured at his home in Williamsport that morning at a quarter of four from typhoid fever. He was born in Centre Hall and was thirty seven years of age. He was a son of Mrs. Mary A. Dinges of that place who survives him. He is well known in Bellefonte having married Katherine Green, daughter of F. Potts Green the druggist. He was engaged in the Life and Fire insurance business in Williamsport and was prosperous and well-to-do. Last fall he served as a candidate for a state office on the Prohibition ticket. He leaves besides a kind and loving wife the following brothers and one sister, Harry, of Centre Hall; Simon P., of Williamsport; Anna of Centre Hall.

The remains of the late Clevan Dinges was brought from Williamsport to Bellefonte last evening over the Central railroad of Pennsylvania. They were taken to the residence of his wife's father, F. Potts Green on East Linn street, where funeral services were held this morning at ten o'clock. Interment in Union cemetery at this place.

Funeral of Edith Tate.

The funeral of Edith Belle Tate took place Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock from her mother's home on North Spring street. The services were largely attended by the many sorrowing friend of the young lady. A touching funeral sermon was preached by Rev. W. A. Stephens, pastor of the Methodist church. The pallbearers were Harry Gehret, Abe Hamilton, Will Gordon, Wm. Hogarth, Ed. Swiler, James Garberich. Interment in the Union cemetery.

—The Catholic picnic at Hecla park on August 24, attracted 210 people to that resort. They all report having a fine time in spite of the rain.